SAC, Cincinnati (66-3017) 8-30-62

Director, FBI

[redacted]

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI UNIVERSITY
NEWS RECORD
REQUEST FOR ARTICLE BY DIRECTOR
RESEARCH (CRIME RECORDS)
R.R #1 WILLIAMSBURG, OHIO

b6
b7C

Remylet 7-30-62.

There is enclosed an article entitled "Field of View" which you may make available to Mr. [redacted] for use in captioned publication.

Enclosure

AUG 31 9 51 AM '62
REC'D READING ROOM
FBI

APPROVED BY SPECIAL ASSISTANT
FOR PUBLIC INFORMATION, DEPT. JUSTICE
By Henry Dennis 8-31-62

1 - Miss Gandy - Enclosure

NOTE: SAC was advised by letter of 7-30-62 that the requested article would be transmitted to his office by 9-15-62.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Malone
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

LIR:jol
(9)

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
MAILED 25
AUG 31 1962
COMM-FBI

REC-72 94-4-4588-87

56 SEP 1 1962

ENCLOSURE

22 SEP 10 1962

August 30, 1962

FIELD OF VIEW

by

John Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

Almost every citizen's impression of the Federal Bureau of Investigation varies according to his knowledge, or lack of knowledge, of this agency of the Federal government. The lack of knowledge is often a source of concern. The concern stems from the fact that, in many instances, distorted and often wholly false impressions float across the consciousness, and, if the field of view is not already broadened by factual knowledge, such impressions color the individual attitude.

Perhaps the most common misconceptions relative to the FBI have to do with its size, its jurisdiction, and the wholly erroneous impression that it issues "clearances."

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Malone
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

NOTE: See letter of same date to SAC, Cincinnati.

LIR:jol/kmd (8)

94-1-4588 D 87

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ENCLOSURE

The FBI issues no clearances. The misunderstanding with regard to this point unquestionably stems from the fact that the FBI, in accordance with Presidential directives, instructions from the Attorney General, and various Federal laws, is charged with conducting specific types of investigations concerning certain applicants, appointees and employees of agencies of the Executive Branch of the Government. The purpose of these inquiries is to determine facts about an individual on which appropriate officials of the interested agency can make a sound judgment as to whether or not that person warrants the trust placed in him as a public servant. All facts ascertained by the FBI in connection with such inquiries, whether good or bad, are turned over to appropriate officials in the interested agency. The FBI gives no "clearance." It does not express an opinion regarding the suitability of persons for Government employment, nor does it make recommendations with respect to hiring, firing or retaining employees of other Federal agencies. The officials of such agencies are wholly responsible for decisions made.

What about the FBI's jurisdiction?

We conduct investigations in over 165 different classifications. These encompass both general investigations and

domestic intelligence operations. Such jurisdiction is derived from Congressional enactments, Executive Orders, and rulings of the Attorney General. It is strictly limited, yet seemingly great numbers of people are unaware of this fact. Indeed, we receive thousands of requests to investigate matters which are not within our jurisdiction. In instance after instance, we have difficulty in convincing those making the requests that we can take no action in areas in which we do not have such jurisdiction and that we can act only in instances in which FBI jurisdiction is specific and defined. The FBI is a fact-gathering and fact-reporting agency--an investigative agency, as the name indicates. And, as I indicated earlier, it neither evaluates the results of its investigations nor makes prosecutive recommendations.

Some citizens, of course, are unaware that the FBI is the investigative arm of only one section of the Executive Branch of Government--the United States Department of Justice--and that responsibility relative to income tax violations, narcotics, guarding the President, and a host of other matters, rests with agencies other than the FBI.

The FBI's role is well known with regard to breaches of law which are highly publicized, such as kidnapings or violations

of the Federal bank robbery statute--and here I might add that in the fiscal year 1962 there were 593 robberies, 303 burglaries and 173 larcenies of banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations--but few are aware of the many other responsibilities devolving upon our organization. For example, the FBI is charged with the duty of investigating alleged violations of the rights and privileges guaranteed to an individual by the Constitution of the United States.

Some idea of the size of our investigative responsibilities under the civil rights statutes may be gained from the fact that 2,085 alleged violations of civil rights were reported to the FBI during the fiscal year 1962 as compared to 1,813 for the preceding year.

Recent new legislation, including new laws bolstering the Government's drive on organized crime, has further extended FBI jurisdiction and added to the mounting work load.

That the yearly work load is substantial may be judged from the fact that convictions in FBI cases totaled 12,635 in the 1962 fiscal year, and fines, savings and recoveries rose to an all-time high of $174,561,341--a sum which represents a return of $1.37 for every dollar appropriated for the FBI in the year ending June 30, 1962. During the same period, 11,163 fugitives were located.

Facts such as the preceding ones tend to make some people think of the Federal Bureau of Investigation as an agency which must be massive in size. The contrary is true. As of the end of the fiscal year 1962, the total complement of FBI employees was 5,967 Special Agents and 8,057 clerical employees. This group of slightly more than fourteen thousand men and women man fifty-five field offices in the United States and Puerto Rico, and staff FBI Headquarters in Washington, D. C. In addition to investigative work, this group also discharges the tasks involved with relation to cooperative functions designed to be of assistance to local, county and state law enforcement agencies, and to other agencies of the Federal Government.

For example, during the fiscal year just past, 13,529 agencies contributed a steady stream of fingerprints to our central repository. Our Identification Division received an average of more than 23,000 fingerprint cards for processing each working day. Similarly, the FBI Laboratory, in the course of the fiscal year 1962, received 191,253 specimens of evidence requiring 231,456 scientific examinations. In the same period, the FBI, upon request, participated in 3,666 local and regional police training schools attended by 101,865 officers. The FBI also disseminated well over 100,000 items of criminal

intelligence information, including data received from its confidential informants, to other law enforcement agencies during the 1962 fiscal year.

This very matter of cooperation sometimes leads to confusion on the part of the uninformed. The FBI is enabled to discharge its responsibilities to the American people only because the good citizens--the vast majority of Americans--cooperate fully and generously with us. They afford us information which often proves vital to our work, as do others who may not always have a savory background. But however much assistance the private citizen renders, he does not become an Agent of the FBI.

The term "Special Agent of the FBI" is applied only to the approximately six thousand full-time male employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who have met rigid requirements relating to education, character and physical condition. For example, the form given to applicants for the position of Special Agent in the Federal Bureau of Investigation includes the following with regard to education and experience:

Applicants must be:

(a) Graduates from state-accredited resident law schools.

Note: Graduates of law schools must have successfully completed graduate college work. A resident college is one requiring personal attendance.

or

(b) Graduates from a resident four-year college with a major in accounting with at least three years of practical accounting and/or auditing experience.

There are, of course, technical positions (laboratory, identification, electronics, clerical and clerical technical) in the FBI filled by men who are not Special Agents. And, although a woman cannot be an actual "FBI Special Agent," approximately 5,000 of them do the bulk of the technical and clerical work which helps catch criminals. For those who in the future may be interested, full details as to the various positions may be secured by writing to FBI Headquarters in Washington or communicating with personnel in the FBI Field Office nearest you.

It is our hope that you will seek to learn more about our organization, for we have found that as correct information relative to FBI jurisdiction and functions becomes widespread, our task is simplified. A clear field of view on the part of the individual citizen enables the FBI to serve all Americans more effectively.

SAC, Cincinnati 9-5-62

EX-100
REC-72

Director, FBI 94-1-4588-88

[redacted]

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI NEWS RECORD
REQUEST FOR ARTICLE BY DIRECTOR
RESEARCH (CRIME RECORDS)

b6
b7C

ReBulet Cincinnati 8-30-62; Reurlet 8-29-62.

Your office should have now received my letter of 8-30-62 which enclosed an article for transmittal to Mr. [redacted]. This article conforms to the request as set forth in your original communication of July 24, 1962.

With respect to your letter of August 29, 1962, dealing with Mr. [redacted]'s request for an article on the topic of communism, enclosed are several articles which have appeared in other publications and would be along the lines Mr. [redacted] has indicated in his recent letter to you. Of course, if he desires to use one of these, he will have to contact the appropriate publication for its permission to reprint the article in the News Record.

Enclosures (5)

"An Army of Free Men,"
"Communism and The Knowledge To Combat It!"
"Communism--Slavery of Mind and Spirit,"
"Let's Fight Communism Sanely!" and
"Young People Can Help Defeat Communism."

MAILED 25
SEP 5 - 1962
COMM-FBI

JMM:bsb (5)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Malone
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

56 SEP 12 1962

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-02

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 8/29/62

ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS DIVISION

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (66-3017)

SUBJECT: [redacted] UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI NEWS RECORD
REQUEST FOR ARTICLE BY DIRECTOR
RESEARCH (CRIME RECORDS)

b6
b7C

~~R.R. #1~~
WILLIAMSBURG, OHIO

ReBulet 7/30/62 advising that an article will be prepared for captioned publication and it will reach us by September 15.

[redacted] has now advised me by letter as follows:

"We would be very happy to have an article prepared by Mr. Hoover in the News Record. In fact, after thinking about this for several days, I have decided to make this a special issue which would have three or four pages devoted to Communism on both the international and domestic levels. I understand that the University of Cincinnati has an excellent Russian Studies Program and, this, plus help from other departments on campus, would provide an interesting as well as informative issue.

"Mr. Hoover's article, if he is going to write it exclusively for the News Record, would be used as the lead article for the issue. On the other hand, if the article is not written especially for the News Record, we would have to know the subject in order to incorporate it into the proper place. Naturally, the former would be preferable to us.

EXP. PROC.
31 AUG 30 1962

Let to SAC, Cincinnati
9-5-62, [illegible] 4588-88

2 - Bureau
1 - Cincinnati

REC-72

EDM:MJH
(3)

12 AUG 30 1962

CRIME RESEARCH

"Please advise me as to which type the article would be. I should also mention that the date on this issue would probably be some time in the middle of November."

[redacted] is interested in having the topic of Communism covered as much as possible including how, when, where it operates, its goals, its victims, its successes, its failures, and how to recognize it. He states he cannot guarantee an absence of criticism if published because there are all kinds of students on the campus from those of the ultra-right to those of the ultra-left, and he speculates that somebody will have something to say.

b6
b7C

Even so, it is my experience that the University of Cincinnati is a relatively reliable and conservative group compared with many other universities. Our relationship with the top officials is excellent.

If the Bureau can see its way clear to prepare an article relating to Communism, this would fit in with the current plans of [redacted]. We are hopeful that any such article would make mention of the Director's new book which will be released October 1.

If the Bureau will please let me know of its intentions, I will promptly advise [redacted].

EDITOR

BUSINESS MANAGER

961-8000
PHONE EXT. 504, 505

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINN
NEWS RECOR

OFFICIAL CAMPUS WEEKLY

103-105 UNION BLDG. CINCINNATI 21, OHI

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Malone
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

September 18, 1962

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Dear Sir:

b6
b7C

I received the information you sent me through the Cincinnati office.

I do not know if Mr. Mason of the Cincinnati office informed you of our intentions but we plan to publish a four or five page spread on communism some time in late November or early December. This special will deal with every facet of communism we feel we have the knowledge and ability to cover--historically, idealological, internationally, and domestic.

Communism to me has long been a source of confusion and with this spread we hope to clarify and classify these points of confusion which has been a stumbling block to students who are not associated with communism courses and study.

Although the spread is still in the early planning stages I would like to thank you and Mr. Mason for the assistance you have given me. Mr. Mason has given me a library of printed material and cleared up much of my own confusion so that now I have very definite objectives in mind concerning the organization of the material.

As soon as the issue is published we will send you a copy.

Again, thanks.

Cincinnati University
Cincinnati, Ohio

RECEIVED
SEP 22 1962
MR JONES

REC-6

ST-104

Yours truly,

94-1-4588-89

Glenn Stamp

[redacted]

12 SEP 25 1962

University of Cincinnati
News Record

Cincinnati, Ohio

No ask Nec
Thank you for material furnished him by SAC Cincinnati 8/30

EXP. PROC.
SEP 21 1962

9-25

94-1-4588-88

56 OCT 1962

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: January 23, 1963

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: DR. WALTER C. LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
PRELIMINARY REQUEST FOR DIRECTOR TO
RECEIVE HONORARY DEGREE JUNE 9, 1963

SAC Mason, Cincinnati, Ohio, advised today that he had just been contacted by Dr. Langsam who wanted to find out informally whether the Director might be receptive for an invitation to make the commencement address and receive an honorary degree from the University of Cincinnati.

According to Mr. Mason, the commencement exercises at the University will be held Sunday, June 9. Mr. Mason said that Dr. Langsam had flown to Washington last year and met the Director briefly, at which time he extended an invitation for the Director to speak at the school.

Mason will be calling in on another matter tomorrow at which time we will instruct him to advise Dr. Langsam that regretfully Mr. Hoover's schedule is such that it is not possible for him to plan to be in Cincinnati next June.

HPL:lbb
(5)

1 - Mr. Jones
1 - Mr. Morrell
1 - Miss Gandy

SAC Mason advised & will handle requests - 1/25/63

REC-38

94-1-4588-90

30 JAN 29 1963

ST-119

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

CRIME RESEARCH

60 FEB 6 1963

NOTED

Legal Attache, London

5/15/63

REC-62 94-1-4588-91

Director, FBI

DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

Enclosed for your information is a copy of Cincinnati letter dated 5/9/63 and a copy of the itinerary of Dr. Langsam. You are instructed to afford the courtesies requested by SAC Cincinnati.

Enclosures (2)

1 - Cincinnati
Reurlet 5/9/63
2 - Rome - Enclosures (2)
2 - Bern - Enclosures (2)
2 - New York - Enclosures (2)
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit - Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Dr. Langsam is on the Special Correspondents' List.

JH:ped (12)

MAILED 31
MAY 17 1963
FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

67 MAY 27 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: MR. C. D. DE LOACH

DATE: 5/9/63

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI

SUBJECT: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO

PURPOSE

To alert the Bureau concerning forthcoming European trip by Dr. and Mrs. LANGSAM and request that legats be alerted.

BACKGROUND

1. The University of Cincinnati is the oldest municipally-owned university in the United States. It is owned and controlled by the City of Cincinnati.

2. In the hands of Dr. LANGSAM, FBI has received extraordinary courtesies. Incoming agents have had their children admitted to the University when vacancies did not exist; reduced rates provided; dormitory space made available when there was no vacancy. FBI has held seminars and training meetings at the university at no expense to FBI despite the obvious expense to the university for facilities, janitorial services, etc. We have made no request whatsoever which has not been heartily and enthusiastically honored by the university.

3. Dr. LANGSAM, several months ago, visited Director HOOVER in an effort to induce the Director to make a talk at the university or at least appear on the campus so that the Director could be given an honorary degree--regulations require personal appearance in order to get a degree. The Director could not accept.

REC-52 94-1-4588-91

4. Our relations with LANGSAM and the university are superb.

2 MAY 10 1963

2 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
1 - Cincinnati

ENCLOSURE

EDM:MJH
(3)

CRIME RESEARCH

EUROPEAN TRIP

There are attached five copies of the itinerary of Dr. and Mrs. WALTER LANGSAM departing Idlewild Airport, New York, June 12, returning to Idlewild Airport, 3:50 PM, August 6.

It is requested that the Bureau:

1. Alert New York Office and request that the re-entry of the LANGSAMS be expedited.

2. Alert appropriate legal attaches, provide them with copies of the itinerary, and request that legats telephone Dr. LANGSAM shortly after his arrival. (Dr. LANGSAM will make no request of the legal attaches.)

3. Confirm to SAC, Cincinnati.

TENTATIVE ITINERARY NO. 5 ESPECIALLY PREPARED

FOR

DR. AND MRS. WALTER C. LANGSAM

MR. WALTER E. LANGSAM - ADULT

April 9, 1963

Dr. and Mrs. Langsam (2 Adults only)

Wed.	June 12	Lv. Cincinnati, Ohio	AA 942-F	2:15 P.M. EST
		(First Class Family Plan provided.)		
		Ar. New York (Idlewild)	AA 942-F	4:50 P.M.EDST
		Change planes, same airport.		
		Lv. New York (Idlewild)	BA 538-YJ	9:00 P.M.EDST
Thu.	June 13	Ar. Glasgow, Scotland (Prestwick)	" "	8:15 A.M.
		Lv. Glasgow, Scotland	Driving with	
		Ar. Newcastle, England	friends	
		Lv. Newcastle, England	BK 443	9:00 A.M.
Tue.	June 18	Ar. London, England	" "	10:30 A.M.

Make own way to GROSVENOR HOUSE, where twin-bedded room with private bath (no meals) has been confirmed.

Wed. June 19 through Sat. June 22	In London without prearranged program.
Sun. June 23	Make own way to airport.

Lv. London, England	PA 2-T	8:30 A.M.
Ar. Istanbul, Turkey	" "	4:35 P.M.

You will be met and transferred from airport to ISTANBUL HILTON HOTEL, where twin-bedded room with private bath (Continental Breakfast included) has been confirmed.

Mon. June 24 — Morning at leisure.

This afternoon at 2:30 P.M. city sightseeing by car and guide.

Tue. June 25 — At 9:30 A.M. by private car, sightseeing.

94-1-4588-91

ENCLOSURE

Wed. June 26		Morning at leisure		
		At 2:30 P.M. half-day motor car and ferry trip along Asian coast.		
Thu. June 27		Entire day at leisure.		
Fri. June 28		You will be transferred to airport.		
	Lv.	Istanbul, Turkey	TK 310-T	1:00 P.M.
	Ar.	Izmir, Turkey	" "	2:15 P.M.
		You will be met at the airport and transferred to HOTEL KISMET, where reservations have been confirmed.		
Sat. June 29		Car, driver, and English-speaking guide at your service for three hour sightseeing trip in the morning and three additional hours in the afternoon.		
Sun. June 30		Entire day is at leisure.		
Mon. July 1		You will be transferred to airport.		
	Lv.	Izmir, Turkey	TK 921-T	12:00 Noon
	Ar.	Athens, Greece	" "	1:35 P.M.
		You will be met at the airport and transferred to GRAND BRETAGNE HOTEL where twin-bedded room with private bath and connecting single room in the new wing, air-conditioned, has been reserved.		
Tue. July 2 through Thu. July 4		In Athens without prearranged program.		

Mr. Walter E. Langsam will leave New York as follows:

Wed. July 3	Lv.	New York (Idlewild)	TW 800-YJ	7:30 P.M.
Thu. July 4	Ar.	Athens, Greece	TW 800-YJ	2:25 P.M.

Party of three will continue as follows:

Fri. July 5 Sat. July 6 Sun. July 7	In Athens without prearranged program.
Mon. July 8	You will be transferred to Piraeus in time to depart on seven day Greek Island Cruise on the SS STELLA SOLARIS. Shore excursions included.

Tue. July 9 through Sun. July 14	Cruising.			
Mon. July 15	On arrival Piraeus you will be transferred directly to airport for departure as follows:			
	Lv. Athens, Greece	SN 594-T	10:35 A.M.	
	Ar. Vienna, Austria	" "	12:15 P.M.	
	Make own way to HOTEL SACHER where suite consisting of twin-bedded room with private bath and connecting single room has been confirmed. (Continental Breakfast included).			
Tue. July 16 through Fri. July 19	In Vienna without prearranged program.			

Mr. Walter E. Langsam will leave as follows:

Sat. July 20	Lv. Vienna, Austria	PA 1-YJ	2:00 P.M.
	Ar. New York (Idlewild)	" "	8:10 P.M.

Dr. and Mrs. Langsam will continue on the following schedule:

Sun. July 21	At leisure in Vienna.		
Mon. July 22	Lv. Vienna, Austria	OS 001-T	8:35 A.M.
	Ar. Innsbruck, Austria	" "	10:45 A.M.
	Make own way to Lans/Tirol.		
Tue. July 23 Wed. July 24	In Lans/Tirol and vicinity.		
Thu. July 25	Make own way to Innsbruck.		
	Lv. Innsbruck, Austria	OS 501-T	11:35 A.M.
	Ar. Zurich, Switzerland	" "	12:50 P.M.
	Take taxi to rail terminal at own expense.		
	Lv. Zurich, Switzerland	Rail	5:35 P.M.
	Ar. Lausanne, Switzerland	"	8:28 P.M.
Thu. July 25	In Lausanne, make own way to BEAU RIVAGE PALACE HOTEL. Continental Breakfast included.		
Fri. July 26 Sat. July 27	In Lausanne.		

Sun. July 28	Lv. Lausanne, Switzerland	LAKE STEAMER	10:40 A.M.
	Ar. Geneva, Switzerland	" "	1:35 P.M.

Make own way to HOTEL RICHEMOND. Continental Breakfast included.

Mon. July 29 — Half-day sightseeing of Geneva by private car provided in the morning.

Tue. July 30 — Make own way to airport.

Lv. Geneva, Switzerland	AZ 217-T	12:05 P.M.
Ar. Rome, Italy	" "	2:45 P.M.

You will be met and transferred to HOTEL FLORA, where air-conditioned twin-bedded room with private bath (demi pension - including Continental Breakfast and either lunch or evening dinner) has been confirmed.

Wed. July 31 through Mon. Aug. 5 — In Rome without prearranged program.

Tue. Aug. 6 Lv. Rome, Italy	PA 111-YJ	11:15 A.M.
Ar. New York (Idlewild)	" "	3:30 P.M.

Own arrangements in New York.

Wed. Aug. 7 — In New York without prearranged program.

Thu. Aug. 8 Lv. New York (Idlewild)	AA 943-FJ	12:10 P.M.
Ar. Cincinnati, Ohio	" "	1:05 P.M.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/20/63

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

OHIO
N.Y.
FOREIGN

Rebulet to Legat London, 5/15/63, copy New York.

New York will assist re-entry of the LANGSAMS at Idlewild Airport on 8/6/63.

2 - Bureau
1 - Cincinnati
1 - New York (80-275)

REC-111

94-1-4588-92

EJM:DES

MAY 28 1963

13 MAY 22 1963

CORRESPONDENCE

Routing Slip
0-7 (Rev. 4-6-62)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC,

- [ ] Albany
- [ ] Albuquerque
- [ ] Anchorage
- [ ] Atlanta
- [ ] Baltimore
- [ ] Birmingham
- [ ] Boston
- [ ] Buffalo
- [ ] Butte
- [ ] Charlotte
- [ ] Chicago
- [x] Cincinnati
- [ ] Cleveland
- [ ] Dallas
- [ ] Denver
- [ ] Detroit
- [ ] El Paso
- [ ] Honolulu
- [ ] Houston
- [ ] Indianapolis
- [ ] Jacksonville
- [ ] Kansas City
- [ ] Knoxville
- [ ] Las Vegas
- [ ] Little Rock
- [ ] Los Angeles
- [ ] Louisville
- [ ] Memphis
- [ ] Miami
- [ ] Milwaukee
- [ ] Minneapolis
- [ ] Mobile
- [ ] Newark
- [ ] New Haven
- [ ] New Orleans
- [ ] New York City
- [ ] Norfolk
- [ ] Oklahoma City
- [ ] Omaha
- [ ] Philadelphia
- [ ] Phoenix
- [ ] Pittsburgh
- [ ] Portland
- [ ] Richmond
- [ ] St. Louis
- [ ] Salt Lake City
- [ ] San Antonio
- [ ] San Diego
- [ ] San Francisco
- [ ] San Juan
- [ ] Savannah
- [ ] Seattle
- [ ] Springfield
- [ ] Tampa
- [ ] Washington Field
- [ ] Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- [ ] Bern
- [ ] Bonn
- [ ] London
- [ ] Madrid
- [ ] Manila
- [ ] Mexico, D. F.
- [ ] Ottawa
- [ ] Paris
- [ ] Rome
- [ ] Rio de Janeiro
- [ ] Tokyo

Date June 27, 1963

RE: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

- [x] For information
- [ ] For appropriate action
- [ ] Surep, by _____

- [ ] The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, [ ] conceal all sources, [ ] paraphrase contents.

- [ ] Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____.

Remarks:

For your information.

FILE COPY

JH:jks (3)

Enclosure(s) (1)
Bufile
Urfile

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO : Director, FBI DATE: 6/24/63

FROM : Legat, London (94-118) (RUC)

SUBJECT: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

ReBulet 5/15/63 concerning travel of Dr. LANGSAM and instructions to afford courtesies requested by SAC, Cincinnati.

On 6/19/63 the LANGSAMS were contacted at their hotel and on 6/20/63 Dr. and Mrs. LANGSAM visited Legat Office at the Embassy. At this time they met Legat personnel. They were given advice, guidance and counsel concerning their desires in London and they were subsequently taken on a tour of the Embassy.

The LANGSAMS advised they desired no other courtesies; that their time was short and because of this it was impossible to arrange a luncheon engagement with them. The LANGSAMS departed London on 6/23/63 in accordance with their itinerary.

During conversations with the LANGSAMS they frequently expressed their high esteem for the Director, the FBI and the SAC and personnel of the Cincinnati Office.

2 - Bureau
1 - Liaison (sent direct)
1 - London
JTM:vw
(4)

REC-35

94-1-4[illegible]-93

Monitoring Dept. Cincinnati 6-27-63

91 File

58 JUL 4 1963

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 7/29/63

FROM : Legat, Bern (80-37) (RUC)

SUBJECT: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF
CINCINNATI, CINCINNATI, OHIO
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE
AND TOURS)

ReBulet to London 5/15/63.

On 7/27/63 Dr. LANGSAM was reached by telephone at Lausanne, Switzerland. He was welcomed to Switzerland and the telephone number of the Bern Office was furnished him in the event that Legat, Bern, could be of service. Dr. LANGSAM expressed his appreciation and indicated that at the time he had no need of assistance.

Foregoing for information.

4 - Bureau
(1 - Liaison)
(1 - Cincinnati)
1 - Bern

HDG:mls
(5)

EX-102

REC 14 94-1-4588-94

8 AUG 2 1963

1 CC Cincinnati 8-1-63

53 AUG 9 1963

CORRESPONDENCE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/7/63

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (80-275)

SUBJECT: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

Re Bureau letter to NY, dated 5/20/63.

On 8/6/63, Dr. and Mrs. LANGSAM arrived at Idlewild Airport via PA # 111. They were assisted through Immigration and Customs and driven to their hotel in NYC.

Dr.&Mrs. LANGSAM plan to remain in NYC until 8/12/63, at which time they will fly to Cincinnati.

OHIO
FOREIGN

Dr. LANGSAM wished to thank all Bureau personnel who assisted in extending courtesies in behalf of Mrs. LANGSAM and himself.

2 - Bureau
1 - Cincinnati
1 - New York (80-275)

JMA:jar
(4)

REC 58

94-1-4522 - no ack necessary

95

12 AUG 8 1963

CORRESPONDENCE

62 AUG 15 1963

THE FOREIGN SERVICE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

The American Embassy

Rome, Italy

Date: August 19, 1963

To: Director, FBI

From: Legat, Rome (80-60) (RUC)

Subject: DR. WALTER LANGSAM
President, University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

ReBulet dated 5/15/63.

Dr. LANGSAM was telephonically contacted on 7/30/63 at the Hotel Flora in Rome, Italy, as requested in referenced Bureau letter.

Dr. LANGSAM expressed thanks for the call and stated that should he need assistance, he would not hesitate to call Legat, Rome.

On 8/7/63 Legat, Rome, verified that Dr. LANGSAM had departed from the Hotel Flora.

UACB, no further action is being taken in this matter.

4 - Bureau
(1 - Foreign Liaison)
(1 - Cincinnati)
1 - Rome
JCM/hcs
(5)

Copy to: Cincinnati
by routing slip for
☒ info ☐ action
date 8-28-63
by WDS-hw

EX-103

REC-54 94-1-4588-96

AUG 26 1963

55 SEP 4 1963

CORRESPONDENCE
No action

REC-19 94-1-4588-97

EX-103

August 27, 1963

Dr. Walter C. Langsam
President
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio

England
N.Y.

D.J. [illegible]

Dear Dr. Langsam:

Your letter of August 21st has been received.

It was thoughtful of you to write, and I am glad you enjoyed your visit to Europe. It was a pleasure to be of help to you, and my associates join me in thanking you for your favorable remarks.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

AUG 27 10 31 AM '63
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

3 - New York - Enclosures (3)
1 - Foreign Liaison Unit - Enclosure

1 - Personnel File of SA John T. Minnich - Enclosure
1 - Personnel File of SA James M. Anderson - Enclosure
1 - Personnel File of SA [redacted] - Enclosure
NOTE: Dr. Langsam is on the Special Correspondents' List. SAs Anderson and [redacted] are assigned to the New York Office. SA Minnich is Assistant Legal Attache in London.

b6
b7C

DFC:nkg (10)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

AUG 28 8 07 AM '63

5 SEP 5 1963

MAILED 25
AUG 27 1963
COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
THE PRESIDENT

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

August 21, 1963

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover,

Now that Mrs. Langsam and I have returned from our pleasant visit to Europe, I wish to express my deep appreciation of the friendly interest taken by the Bureau in our trip. Especially helpful were Mr. Minnich in London, and the Messrs. Anderson and [redacted] in New York.

b6
b7C

Again with thanks, not merely for your courtesy, but for all that you are doing for our country, I am,

Cordially and sincerely yours,

Walter C. Langsam

WCL:er

Cincinnati University
Cincinnati, Ohio

94-1-4588-97

REC-19

EX-103

AUG 23 1963

CORRESPONDENCE

8-27-63

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-107

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
Attention: Crime Research Section

DATE: 10/30/64

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (66-434A)

SUBJECT: DR. CLAUDE R. SOWLE
INCOMING DEAN
UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI COLLEGE OF LAW

Ohio Ill.

Cincinnati Ohio

Attached is a clipping which appeared in the Cincinnati Enquirer October 28 concerning the remarks made by Dr. SOWLE.

SOWLE is now Associate Dean of the Law School at Northwestern University, Chicago. I have asked the Chicago Office for a run-down on his background and relationship with FBI. It will probably be received shortly. Chicago may wish to make a copy available to Bureau; attention Crime Research Section.

SOWLE will take up his position as Dean, College of Law, University of Cincinnati, in the summer of 1965.

If Dr. SOWLE actually feels as he has expressed himself in the attached clipping, the Bureau might desire, in the event he has a satisfactory background, to tap him for a Law Enforcement Bulletin article.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
1 - Chicago
1 - Cincinnati

EDM:mrg
(4)

1cc REC-46 94-1-4588-98

ENCLOSURE Enc. detached Pub. Limit GBF

EX-101

25 NOV 4 1964

CRIME RESEARCH

EXP. PROC.

39 NOV 2 1964

69 NOV 10 1964

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach ✓
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

415 U. S. Post Office and Court House Building

Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

May 19, 1965

Honorable Roscoe L. Barrow, Dean
College of Law
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Dear Roscoe:

You are always characteristically gracious and considerate. Your May 17 letter is typical of you. Thank you so much for writing.

Sincerely,

E. D. MASON
Special Agent in Charge

EXP. PROC.

34 MAY 21 1965

94-1-4588

1 - Addressee
1 - Bureau (Enc. ENCLOSURE A
For Bureau [illegible] ation From Unexpected Sources.
1 - Cincinnati

EDM:mrg
(3)

REC 33 94-1-4588-99

MAY 21 1965

60 JUN 3 1965

CRIME RESEARCH

COLLEGE OF LAW
UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
(CINCINNATI LAW SCHOOL)
CINCINNATI 21, OHIO

OFFICE OF THE DEAN—ALPHONSO TAFT HALL

May 17, 1965

Mr. Ed Mason
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U.S. Post Office and Court House
Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

Dear Ed:

I wish to express my deep appreciation for the efficient and gracious security and transportation measures which you planned in connection with the visit of our distinguished guests to Cincinnati during the 26th Annual Conference of the Sixth Judicial Circuit and the dedication of the Robert S. Marx Law Library. Through experience, I have learned that any activity of which you are a part is executed with perfection and on this occasion your performance matched any that I have witnessed.

Thank you and all who helped you in this project for having made an important contribution to the combined programs of the 26th Annual Conference and the dedication.

With warm personal regards,

Very sincerely yours,

Roscoe L. Barrow
Dean

RLB:erm

94-1-4588-99

ENCLOSURE

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
COLLEGE OF EDUCATION AND HOME ECONOMICS
CINCINNATI, OHIO 45221

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

March 17, 1967

Bcol
2-1

J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Thank you for your gracious response to our request for materials on law enforcement. These materials will be used in our experimental curriculum units on law and law enforcement in twelve experimental schools after April 1, 1967. The design and development of these curriculum units, their experimental use, and the dissemination of such units on a national basis are all parts of our Office of Law Enforcement Assistance sponsored project in Police-Juvenile Attitudes.

The cooperation of Mr. Soyars and the members of his staff in Cincinnati has been in the highest traditions of your Bureau, and those of us engaged in this project on the University of Cincinnati campus are indeed grateful for the courteous consideration we have received when we have made requests for assistance.

EXP. PROC.
38 MAR 18 1967

b6
b7C

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio

RP:as

REC-100
No Ack rec. Thank you let
94-1-4588-100
2 MAR 20 1967

59 MAR 29 1967

CORRESPONDENCE
PERS. REC. UNIT

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/16/69

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI

FROM: Legat, Buenos Aires (80-8) (RUC)

DR. WALTER C. LANGSAM
PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI,
CINCINNATI, OHIO
FOREIGN TRAVEL

Reference Bureau cablegram to Legat Bern July 24, 1969, copy of which was mailed to this office requesting that usual courtesies be extended to Dr. Langsam, [redacted] in the course of his travels through Europe and South America. Dr. Langsam was scheduled to stop in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, on September 1, and at Sao Paulo, Brazil, September 7, before departing for New York City September 10. b7D

For information of the Bureau and Cincinnati, due to official business Legat was unable to travel to Brazil during the time that Dr. Langsam was in that area. For this reason this office was unable to extend normal office courtesies to Dr. and Mrs. Langsam.

P. D. WILLIAMS

4 - Bureau
(1 - Liaison)
(1 - Cincinnati) (80-828)
1 - Buenos Aires
JJW:ic
(5)

Copy sent CI 9-25-69

REC-63 94-1-4588-101

EX-111

SEP 26 1969

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

57 OCT 8 1969

FD-350 (Rev. 7-18-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

UC College Of Law Dean Appraises Student Unrest

By giving students a voice operations, the University of Cincinnati has avoided much of the turmoil and destruction that has hit other campuses, a UC dean stated in a new book.

Dr. Claude R. Sowle, dean of the College of Law, attributes student unrest to three major factors:

- A Vietnam war that they do not believe in.
- The political establishment which they feel has denied them an effective voice.
- College and university "bureaucracies" that are unresponsive to their views.

SOWLE'S REMARKS are contained in "Times of Trouble, Times of Hope," an analysis of campus disruptions.

UC "has long been noted for its effective encouragement of student participation," Sowle said. Other schools should give students greater voice.

Administrators must keep communications lines open because students have a "sense of distress" about the bigness, impersonality, large classes and crowded facilities of many campuses.

Students often look upon curriculum content and professors as "noble but obsolete monuments to the habits, customs and traditions of a now irrelevant past."

"NO INSTITUTION of higher learning can afford to turn back on the need for searching self-analysis."

As for youth who seize buildings, damage property and disrupt operations, "there can be only one response. Unlawful force, when substituted for reason, must be met with lawful force — promptly and without hesitation."

Regarding Vietnam, Sowle said, "The answers, to the extent there have been answers, are totally unsatisfactory" to many students today.

MANY STUDENTS are wondering why, if America has seen the folly of involvement in the first place, the United States does not just get out of the war.

Domestically, many youth believe the major political parties "offer them neither a forum for the serious consideration of their views nor an atmosphere conducive to the advancement of those men who share their idealism and their deep commitment to the need for major social reform," Sowle stated.

94-1-4588

94-1-4588-A-

NOT RECORDED
16 FEB 10 1969

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Delmarch
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Cincinnati Enquirer
Cincinnati, Ohio

Cincinnati Post & Times Star
Cincinnati, Ohio

The Citizen Journal
Columbus, Ohio

Columbus Dispatch
Columbus, Ohio

Dayton Daily News
Dayton, Ohio

Journal Herald
Dayton, Ohio

Date: 12/27/68
Edition: Final
Author: Bill Carlson
Editor: Brady Black
Title: DR. CLAUDE R. SOWLE

Character: or Classification: 80-0-2159
Submitting Office: Cincinnati

☐ Being Investigated

May 4, 1970

REC-1 94-1-4588-102

Mr. [redacted]
[redacted]
New York, New York 10027

b6
b7C

Dear Mr. [redacted]:

In response to your request of April 28th, I am enclosing copies of the most recent issue of our FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin and Uniform Crime Reports bulletin. Our supply of prior issues of the latter has been exhausted. Arrangements have been made so that you will receive these two publications as they are released in the future. Our records will be adjusted in August of this year if you will send us at that time the exact address to which our material should be sent you. There is no charge for literature the FBI is privileged to disseminate.

We do not have a list of our publications which we can furnish you, but if you will advise us of any specific topics in the field of law enforcement in which you have a special interest, available material on these subjects will be sent to you.

MAILED
MAY - 4 1970
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Correspondent may be identical with [redacted] Washington, D. C., who was on the UCR Mailing List from August, 1960, until April, 1967, at which time mail addressed to him was returned unclaimed. This individual wrote the Director in 1960, stating he had read "Communist Target--Youth" and "Masters of

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO.

DCL:vdd (3)

Tolson
DeLoach
Walters
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

F-344

60 MAY 11 1970

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Mr. [redacted]

b6
b7C

NOTE CONTINUED: Deceit," and he requested a meeting with the Director to tape record a conversation with him for his future use over the air at Amherst College. He also asked to go on the mailing list and identified himself as a college sophomore and representative in Washington of Radio Station WAMF at Amherst College. Boston was requested to check his background and sent reply such action was not being taken in view of his college affiliation; and Washington Field Office made inquiries regarding him, nothing derogatory being developed through public sources. (94-1-4916-13, 14, 15, and 16.)

[redacted]
New York, N.Y. 10027
28 April, 1970

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Publications Division
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20535

b6
b7C

Gentlemen:

I have recently accepted a position as Associate Professor of Law at the University of Cincinnati Law School. Among other courses, I will be teaching criminal law, and related subjects. In this connection, I would appreciate a copy of CRIME IN THE UNITED STATES, 1968, and, if available, copies of the same report for 1967 and 1966. Additionally, I would appreciate any listing of publications which the Bureau has, and, if possible, to be placed on any pertinent mailing lists for materials in the future. My address until August 1, 1970, will be as above. After that date, it will be the University of Cincinnati Law School, Cincinnati, Ohio. If there is any charge for any of these materials, with or without any possible acadmic discounts, if it is possible to bill me, I would appreciate that method, since I am rather anxious to have these materials. If that is not possible, I will of course be happy to pay in advance for any orders I have.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

REC-1 94-1-4588-102

15 MAY 5 1970

ACK
5-4-70
DCL/ vdd

Mailing List
4-30-70
Change Noted

CORRESPONDENCE

REC-110

94-1-4588-103

June 10, 1970

Mr. [redacted]

[redacted]

Gold Medal Products Co.
1825 Freeman Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45214

b6
b7C

Dear Mr. [redacted]:

On June 8th I received your letter and can certainly understand the concern which prompted you to contact me. It was encouraging to learn of your desire and that of other industry leaders of your community to find a solution for the unrest which exists in our colleges today.

In response to your request, I am enclosing material which contains suggestions all of us can use regarding some of those organizations responsible for much of the turmoil in our educational institutions.

MAILED 11
JUN 11 1970
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)
Forward to Chaos - Or the New Left in Action
A Study in Marxist Revolutionary Violence: SDS, 1962-1969
Director's testimony 3-5-70 re The Black Panthers, Racial, Extremist and Communist Groups
Modern-Day Campus Attilas or The SDS in Action

1 - Cincinnati - [redacted]

NOTE: Our files contain no record of correspondent on basis of available data.

FMG:mrm (4)

56 JUN 19 1970

Tolson
DeLoach
Walters
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

GOLD MEDAL PRODUCTS CO.

1825 FREEMAN AVENUE, CINCINNATI, OHIO 45214, TEL-(AREA CODE 513) 381-1313

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Walters
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

June 2, 1970

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Justice Department Building
Washington, D. C. 20025

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As if you didn't have your hands sufficiently full right now, we need some help--and "we" are a group of relatively responsible businessmen in Cincinnati. Here is our problem--hopefully you might give us some advice--possibly you might even have a pamphlet already in print which your department could distribute to us.

As you know, the University of Cincinnati, a 20,000 student institution is closed! A group of 35 militants (several non-students) sat on the floor in the Administration Building and eventually caused the University Senate to express concern that the entire campus was in danger.

Whether this is the real reason or not is of little concern at this point--hindsight is usually 20-20! What concerns us most right now is the future.

Obviously if there is to be a future in this University of Cincinnati, there needs to be some return to responsibility for the 60 to 85% of the campus which is presently "non-aligned". This fluid mass which is actually a majority on most campuses is quite upset by the militants and extremists, but they don't do anything.

At this point I feel that these people would no longer remain silent if there was some activity with a constructive purpose with which they could ally themselves. If there were some responsible voice on campus.

Tie these two things together, and it looks like there might be a possibility of a "University of Cincinnati Student Herald" similar to the Badger Student Herald at the University of Wisconsin. I presume that that paper is trying to be an active voice.

Secondly, industry here in Cincinnati (at least the industry leaders with whom we are talking) is chomping at the bit to support a move to responsibility--they're chomping at the bit to help support some decent and responsible campus leadership.

REC-110 94-1-4588-103

This is the framework off campus--likewise there are quite a few Sigma Chi undergraduates who I think would lead, if given some guidelines and some advice on what is working elsewhere.

EXP. PROC. JUN 8 1970

ack/mml 6-10-70 EMG/mmc

25 JUN 8 1970

CORRESPONDENCE

GOLD MEDAL PRODUCTS CO.

With this in mind, what advice does the Bureau have to offer? Surely other businessmen in other cities are dropping the same problem in your lap--we would like to hear your thoughts, or have a visit from one of the local men in the Cincinnati office.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

b6
b7C

JCH:cms

CC: Agent In Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Federal Office Building
Cincinnati, Ohio 45201

August 4, 1970

REC-42 EX-117

94-1-4588-104

Mr. [redacted]

Chardon, Ohio 44024

b6
b7C

Dear Mr. [redacted]:

Your letter of July 28th has been received and your offer to be of assistance is indeed appreciated. However, matters involving violations of narcotics laws are within the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, Department of Justice, and I am referring a copy of your letter to that agency for any help which it may be able to give to you.

In view of your interest, I am enclosing some publications which set forth the opportunities available and the requirements for employment with the FBI.

MAILED 4
AUG 4 1970
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosures (2)
SA Job Sheet
Career Opportunities

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. A copy of his letter is being referred to the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs by form.

LEE:cmg (3)

Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
Bishop
Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

55 AUG 14 1970

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRUE COPY

Tuesday, July 28, 1970

[redacted]

Chardon, Ohio 44024

b6
b7C

Mr. Hoover,

Before I explain why I am writing, let me introduce myself. My name is [redacted], I am a sophmore attending the University of Cincinnati, and I am presently enrolled in the college of engineering.

My purpose for writing this letter is this. I am very disturbed with the drug problem in the United States of America, and I am especially concerned for those drug users on American college campuses.

I would like to express my desire to work with or for the FBI in order to uncover the people who are responsible for the sale of drugs. In the dormitory I stayed in last year, there were a few students arrested for possesion of drugs. On my floor, there were at least one dozen users, and maybe a pusher. I know I can learn more about who is pushing the drugs. I can be of value to the FBI narcotics division.

As I mentioned earlier, I am presently in engineering. I am planning to transfer to the college of business, and pursue a curriculum that will lead to a degree to become a CPA. I am interested in pursuing a career with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Presently, I have an uncle who is working for the United States Government.

I sincerely hope you consider this letter a true statement of mine. I truly would like to help in the prevention of narcotics and the uncovering of those who are breaking the law.

I will be expecting a reply to this address:

[redacted]

Chardon, Ohio 44024

Thank you very much for your time to read this.

Yours truly,

[redacted]

ITC
8/3/70
nmw

EX-117

REC-42

94-1-4588-104

TRUE COPY

AUG 5 1970

PERS. REC. UNIT

ack/nml
8/4/70
LEE/cmg

Tuesday, July 28, 1970

[redacted]

Chardon, Ohio 44024

b6
b7C

Mr. Hoover,

Before I explain why I am writing, let me introduce myself. My name is [redacted], I am a sophmore attending the University of Cincinnati, and I am presently enrolled in the college of engineering.

My purpose for writing this letter is this. I am very disturbed with the drug problem in the United States of America, and I am especially concerned for those drug users on American college campuses.

I would like to express my desire to work with or for the FBI in order to uncover the people who are responsible

ITC 8/3/70 nmw

nck/nml 8/4/70 LEG/cing

-1-

nml/ecs

for the sale of drugs. In the dormitory I stayed in last year, there were a few students arrested for possession of drugs. On my floor, there were at least one dozen users, and maybe a pusher. I know I can learn more about who is pushing the drugs. I can be of value to the FBI narcotics division.

As I mentioned earlier, I am presently in engineering. I am planning to transfer to the college of business, and pursue a curriculum that will lead to a degree to become a CPA. I am interested in pursuing a career with the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Presently, I have an uncle who is working for the United States Government.

I sincerely hope you consider this letter a true statement of mine. I truly would like to help in the prevention of narcotics and the uncovering of those who are breaking the law.

I will be expecting a reply to this address:

Chardon, Ohio 44024

Thank you very much for your time to read this.

b6
b7C

Yours truly,

REC-38 94-1-4588-105

September 11, 1970

EX-117

Mr. [redacted]
384 Probasco Street
Cincinnati, Ohio 45220

b6
b7C

Dear Mr. [redacted]:

In reply to your letter received on September 9th, the FBI has no material which would be of help in connection with your research regarding the psychology of olfaction. I regret we cannot be of assistance in this instance.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record identifiable with correspondent. This letter was discussed with a supervisor in the Laboratory.

EFT:sel (3)

MAILED 12
SEP 11 1970
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
Bishop
Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

7208

SEP 2 1970

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY

September 4, 1970

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.
ATTN: Laboratory Division

Dear Sir:

I am presently engaged in preliminary research in the area of the psychology of olfaction and am at quite a loss due to the lack of previous work in this area.

Without being unnecessarily specific and asking an overly-loaded question, I should like to know if the Bureau's Laboratories maintain a section for the analyses and characterizations of odors and, furthermore, I should like to know if any such data would be available to me in my research.

Your help would be most gratefully appreciated.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

b6
b7C

[redacted]

Department of Psychology
University of Cincinnati
Huber Hall Room 5B
384 Probasco St.
Cincinnati, Ohio 45220

6 B
Huber Hall - Psychology Department
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

REC-38 94-1-4588-105

EX-117

9 SEP 15 1970

CORRESPONDENCE

ack: nml
9-11-70
EFT: rel

BP

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO 45221

July 7th

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

Sir:

It would be appreciated if you would provide me with any reports you have that indicate international crime statistics. If you do not have such a report, a source where such can be obtained would be appreciated.

Respectfully,

[redacted]

OHIO

b6
b7C

EX-100 REC-24 94-1-4588 10 6

17 JUL 13 1971

no Ack - See Mr. Malmfeldt to Mr. Bishop memo date 7-6-71.

62 JUL 19 1971

CORRESPONDENCE

[redacted]
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

b6
b7C

CINCINNATI OHIO JUL-8'71 PB METER 349271 U.S POSTAGE .08

Office of the Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

RE: Crime Statistics

September 3, 1971

REC 83 74-1-4528-107

Mr. [redacted]

B. APPROX. [redacted]

b6
b7C

Cincinnati, Ohio 45208

EX-112

Dear Mr. Compston:

I received your letter of August 29th and am pleased to learn of your interest in the FBI. It is a pleasure to enclose publications which set forth the opportunities available and the requirements for employment with this Bureau. With regard to your inquiry, any work experience you have will have to be taken into consideration at such time as you make formal application for a position with this Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

MAILED 8
SEP 3 - 1971
FBI

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Enclosures (3)
SA Job Sheet
The Accountant's Role in the FBI
FBI Career Opportunities

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent.

LEE:djg (3)

Tolson
Felt
Sullivan
Mohr
Bishop
Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Dalbey
Gale
Ponder
Rosen
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

55 SEP 16 1971

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRUE COPY

[redacted]

Cincinnati, Ohio 45208
August 29, 1971

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

b6
b7C

Gentlemen:

My name is [redacted] and I am [redacted] years of age. I am about to enter my second year at the University of Cincinnati. I am working toward a major in accounting.

This past winter while attending school I worked part time and this summer full time for the Cincinnati Economy Drug Company. I have been working in an office and have found out that this is not exactly what I want to do for the rest of my life. The past month or so I have been thinking of law enforcement and the Federal Bureau of Investigation in particular.

I have been reading a little about the Bureau, but would like additional information regarding the requirements for becoming an agent. It would be greatly appreciated if you could send me any information that would be helpful to a future applicant of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. One question that I would like answered is if I co-op while going to school will the time I work while co-oping count in the years I need for work experience before you consider an applicant.

Thank you

[redacted]

REC 83 94-1-4588-107

TRUE COPY

7 SEP 7 1971

ITC 9-2-71 djg

ack/nml 9-3-71 LEE: djg

EX-112

PERS. REC. UNIT

[redacted]
CINCINNATI, OHIO 45208
AUGUST 29, 1971

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

b6
b7C

Gentlemen:

My name is [redacted] and I am [redacted] years of age. I am about to enter my second year at the University of Cincinnati. I am working toward a major in accounting.

This past winter while attending school I worked part time and this summer full time for the Cincinnati Economy Drug Company. I have been working in an office and have found out that this is not exactly what I want to do for the rest of my life. The past month or so I have been thinking of law enforcement and the Federal Bureau of Investigation in particular.

I have been reading a little about the Bureau, but would like additional information regarding the requirements for becoming an agent. It would be greatly appreciated if you could send me any information that would be helpful to a future applicant of the

ITC/dyg
9-2-71

ack/mml
9-3-71
LEE:dyg

CORRESPONDENCE

Federal Bureau of Investigation. One question that I would like answered is if I co-op while going to school will the time I work while co-oping count in the years I need for work experience before you consider an applicant.

b6
b7C

Thank You

[redacted]

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 10/4/71

FROM : SAC, Cincinnati (62-3201)

SUBJECT: DR. WARREN G. BENNIS
President, University of Cincinnati
LIAISON MATTER

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Felt
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Miller, ES
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Bates
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

On 9/28/71 SAC paid courtesy call on Dr. BENNIS, newly appointed President of the University of Cincinnati. Matters of general interest were discussed with Dr. BENNIS, including Bureau's responsibilities in regard to subversive organizations and individuals, and extremist groups and activities; our responsibilities in connection with applicant matters, and necessity for carrying out various phases of our responsibilities at colleges and other educational establishments; also discussed was the value of close and cooperative relationships between our organization, the Cincinnati Office, and heads of educational institutions, and the necessity that such officials be available from time to time for contact on short notice where matters involve a time element or other urgency.

Dr. BENNIS had apparently done his homework well, as he had a fair picture of developments during recent years at the University involving demonstrations and other activities of interest to the Bureau.

While Dr. BENNIS was not critical of his predecessor, Dr. WALTER LANGSAM, he did state frankly that he is an entirely different personality; believes in getting out frequently among the students and definitely seeking to communicate with them on a personal basis, and being frequently seen around the campus by the students. His comments indicated that he will probably be more amenable to personal "give and take" discussions with the various student elements than was his predecessor. His comments indicated that he will probably allow students and student groups to take a larger part in decision making in matters directly affecting the students.

EXP. PROC.
37 OCT 5 1971

2 - Bureau
1 - Cincinnati

REC-53

94-1-4588-108

PHF:LM
(3)

55 OCT 15 1971

18 OCT 4 1971

PRIME RESEARCH

Deleted Copy Sent Warren Bennis Cincinnati University
by Letter Dated 10-4-76
Per FOIPA Request

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-108-02

In regard to "communicating" with the students, he commented that he recently visited a student gathering place near the campus, a restaurant, for an hour or so, just to converse with the students on a social and relaxed basis, which he indicated Dr. LANGSAM would probably not have done nor approved.

Dr. BENNIS was very cordial and relaxed in his discussion with SAC. He commented two or three times that he had always had the highest regard for FBI Agents and the Bureau, and had never met an Agent who did not appear to be efficient, and a gentleman. He stated he welcomed and appreciated SAC's visit, indicated that he would be available at any time, and should any information come to our attention which we felt might benefit the University through him, he would like very much to be contacted.

Further contact will be undertaken with Dr. BENNIS from time to time, with considered evaluation made of his attitude and cooperativeness as a contact. The Bureau will be kept advised of any developments of interest in this regard.

June 7, 1972

REC-59 94-1-4588-109

EX-112

Dean Edward A. Mearns, Jr.
College of Law
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Dear Dean Mearns:

Thank you for your letter inviting me to address the Annual Dinner Meeting of the Alumni Association of the College of Law of the University of Cincinnati on November 11th or another date in November or early December. While this is something I would like to do, regrettably, my schedule is such that it is not probable that I would be able to appear even if tentative arrangements were made at this time. I regret that I must decline.

I am sorry that I am unable to be with you but you have my best wishes for a most successful affair.

Sincerely yours,

L. Patrick Gray III

MAILED 3
FBI

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

1 - Cincinnati - Enclosure
1 - Mrs. Neenan - Enclosure
1 - Telephone Room - Enclosure
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones - Enclosure (detached)

NOTE: Bufiles contain no references to Dean Mearns. In view of the number of pending speeches, it is felt Mr. Gray would wish to decline this invitation.

JWD:la (7)

Felt
Mohr
Rosen
Bates
Bishop
Callahan
Campbell
Casper
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

MAIL ROOM 19 TYPE UNIT

University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

COLLEGE OF LAW
OFFICE OF THE DEAN — ALPHONSO TAFT HALL
AREA CODE (513) 475-2631

Mr. Felt
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Miller, ES
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Bates
Mr. Waikart
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
MRS. NEENAN
Malmfeldt

June 2, 1972

The Honorable L. Patrick Gray
Acting Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Gray:

I write to extend you a most cordial invitation to address the Annual Dinner Meeting of the Alumni Association of the College of Law of the University of Cincinnati, Saturday evening, November 11, 1972. CINCINNATI, OHIO

We expect some 500 alumni and guests will attend the Dinner and know that your presence will provide them a very enjoyable evening characteristic of our dinners in the past. Our most recent Alumni Dinner speakers have been Arthur J. Goldberg, Dean Rusk, Ramsey Clark, Archibald Cox, and Percy Foreman.

We hope, too, that it will be possible for Mrs. Gray to accompany you. The College of Law will, of course, take care of all expenses you incur in connection with your visit here. If you would like to come but find our preferred date a difficult one, we will make every effort to set another time in November or early December for the Dinner.

In about a week, I will call your office to encourage you to accept our invitation.

REC-59 94-1-4588-109

With best wishes, I am,

EX-112

15 JUN 8 1972

Very truly yours,

Edward A. Mearns, Jr.

Edward A. Mearns, Jr.
Dean

EAM:jd

EXP. PROC.
30 JUN 5 1972

NOTED
CORRESPONDENCE

September 27, 1973

ST-117

REC-52 94-1-4588-110

Professor Victor E. Schwartz
Acting Dean
College of Law
University of Cincinnati
Clifton Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Dear Professor Schwartz:

I have received your thoughtful letter of September 19th, with enclosure, and certainly appreciate the kind invitation you extended on behalf of the Officers and Board of Directors of the University of Cincinnati Alumni Association for me to address your Alumni Day Dinner in March of 1974. While I would very much like to give you a favorable response, regrettably, I am unable to do so as the pressure of my official commitments and the uncertainty of my schedule preclude me from accepting your gracious offer. I trust you will understand my position.

Sincerely yours,

Clarence Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

MAILED 4
SEP 28 1973
FBI

1 - Cincinnati - Enclosure
1 - Telephone Room - Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record identifiable with correspondent. Since the Director cannot address every alumni association that extends an invitation, it is believed this request should be declined. This is not a national group warranting Mr. Kelley's appearance.

RCD:nla (6)

Assoc. Dir.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OCT 9 1973

University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

COLLEGE OF LAW
OFFICE OF THE DEAN — ALPHONSO TAFT HALL
AREA CODE (513) 475-2631

Clifton Ave.
Per. Tel. Dir.

Assoc. Dir.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

September 19, 1973

RCD 27

The Honorable Clarence M. Kelley
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley:

The Officers and Board of Directors of the University of Cincinnati Alumni Association have invested me with a most welcome responsibility: to invite you as the principal speaker for our Alumni Day Dinner to be held in Cincinnati in March, 1974.

This is a time in America where the law enforcement and the legal profession must find ways of working together. For that reason you seemed to be the most appropriate speaker we could find for our Dinner.

I realize that you receive many invitations to speak and, in light of your responsibilities, can only accept a few. For that reason, it seemed more than a courtesy to outline some of the facts that may help you make a decision on this matter.

Our Annual Alumni Dinner is an important and well attended event. In the past few years, Archibald Cox, Justice Goldberg, and former Secretary of State Dean Rusk have spoken at the affair. The audience is composed of prominent judges and lawyers from Ohio and the neighboring states of Indiana and Kentucky and is one of quantity as well as quality--it usually totals over 500. The speech itself need not be overly scholastic and runs about 20 minutes.

I have spoken with the President's Office at the University and am assured that if you will honor us by your presence at our Alumni Dinner, the University will deem it appropriate to honor you.

EX. 104 REC-52 94-1-4588-110

You may already know that our College of Law is the fourth oldest in the United States and one rich in tradition and scholarship. In order to provide you with a more detailed background of our College, I am including a brief history which was prepared by Dean Emeritus Roscoe L. Barrow a few years ago.

EXP. PROC.
SEP 24 1973

ack 9-27-73 RCD:nlo

"ENCLOSURE ATTACHED"
Declined
Mr Kelley cannot speak before every alumni group that asks. Pressure of commitments and uncertainty of schedule. Gem

NOTED SPEECH ROOM

Perhaps of more immediate importance than historical detail is the fact that you will find that our alumni will be most enthusiastic to hear you. Further, I am certain that the media will give your talk the fullest and widest publicity if you deem that desirable.

We have not set a specific date in March in order that you might have flexibility in this matter. The Saturday evening of the 2nd, the 9th, or the 30th would be commensurate with our needs. Of course, we will provide all transportation and other costs as well as an honorarium if you deem that appropriate. We would be delighted if Mrs. Kelley could attend.

As I am sure you can appreciate, matters such as this must be made final well in advance. In that connection, I will call your office on October 3, 1973, in order to determine whether you will be able to accept our invitation. Should you need more information of any kind, please call me at Area Code 513-475-2631.

I know that the evening will be a pleasant one for you and that your affirmative response will make us all anticipate the finest Alumni Dinner in our long history.

With highest regard and every good wish, I am,

Respectfully yours,

VES

Victor E. Schwartz
Acting Dean

Professor per "World of Learning"
Jean

VES:jd
Enclosure

HISTORICAL NOTE

on the

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI COLLEGE OF LAW

(Cincinnati Law School)

Roscoe L. Barrow

HISTORICAL NOTE ON THE UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI COLLEGE OF LAW (CINCINNATI LAW SCHOOL)

The genesis of the University of Cincinnati College of Law is the Cincinnati Law School, which began training law students in 1833.[1] Its service to legal education has been substantially continuous.[2] This longevity ranks the Law School as the fourth oldest in the United States.[3]

The founders of the Cincinnati Law School were Timothy Walker, Edward King, and Judge John C. Wright of the Ohio Supreme Court. Walker had studied law at Harvard and King at Litchfield. This experience convinced them that a student could develop his potential in a law school better than through reading in a law office. In 1833, the faculty consisted of Walker, who was Dean, Judge Wright and Joseph S. Bennam.[4] There were seventeen students in the first class.[5] The first sessions were held on the north side of Third Street east of Main Street. The course could be completed in one term. The announcement of the Cincinnati Law School, dated May 29, 1833, describes the method of instruction as follows:

> "The course of instruction will embrace lectures on General and local law; practice in Moot Courts organized on the mode of the several Courts in Ohio, and frequent examinations upon the books read. Also, such new and difficult questions as occur on the Circuits in different parts of the State, will be submitted to the students for examination."

This was a strong educational program for its day.

The Cincinnati Law School lacked authority to confer degrees. Another educational institution in Cincinnati, the Cincinnati College, had been chartered by the Ohio General Assembly in 1819 and was authorized to confer degrees but it did not have a department of law. In 1835 The Cincinnati Law School became a department of the Cincinnati College, which, thereafter conferred degrees on its

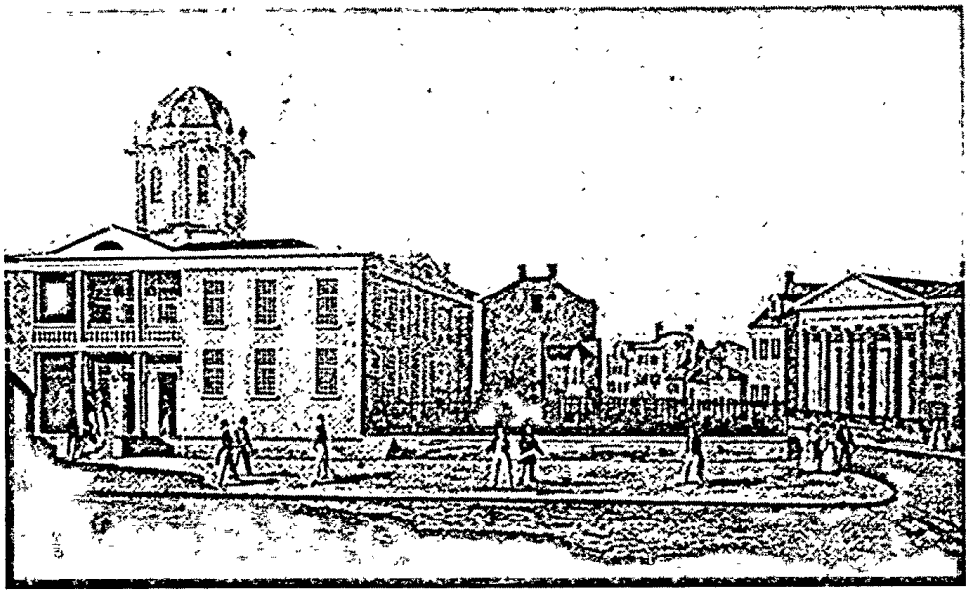
graduates, including those graduated in 1833 and 1834. The Cincinnati College building was located on the east side of Walnut Street between Fourth and Fifth Streets. The faculty of the Cincinnati Law School became the faculty of the Law School of the Cincinnati College and the curriculum remained the same.

The Cincinnati College's first educational program was begun in 1819 in the arts and sciences. In the same year that the Cincinnati Law School joined the Cincinnati College, 1835, a Medical Department was organized in the College by Dr. Daniel Drake. These academic units made an important contribution to higher education in the United States.[6] However, due to declining fortune, destruction of the College's building by fire, and the competition of the Woodward College and the Medical College of Ohio, the arts and sciences and medical programs were discontinued. Thus, the Cincinnati Law School is the only surviving academic unit of the Cincinnati College.

During the 1800s, the faculty of the Law School practiced law. Accordingly, the instruction was given principally in the evening. However, toward the turn of the century, a trend to afternoon classes developed. By the early 1900s, the classes were scheduled largely in the morning hours. No course of previous study was required for admission, but students were advised to read prescribed text books on law prior to enrollment, and some law students had read law in a law office. A substantial percentage of the law students had obtained a liberal arts degree.

The Law School assumed an "in loco parentis" relation to law students. The rules of conduct, published in the bulletin for academic year 1837-38, forbade students from dueling. Also, students were permitted to enter a tavern only if accompanied by one of their professors. Corporal punishment "as a means to excitement to study" was prohibited, but the rules of conduct provided that "in cases of continued wilful disobedience . . . the instructor . . . may at his discretion use the rod. . . ." A letter from an irate parent complained that the infliction of corporal punishment on his son for absence from classes was excessive.

For thirty years, the law degree was conferred on students completing one term of six months' duration. In the academic year 1863-64 the requirement for graduation was increased to two terms of six months with a six months' vacation between terms.[7] However, if a student, on the basis of reading in a law office, could pass an



Old Cincinnati College—Fourth & Walnut Streets

examination covering the subjects in the first term, he was given advanced standing.

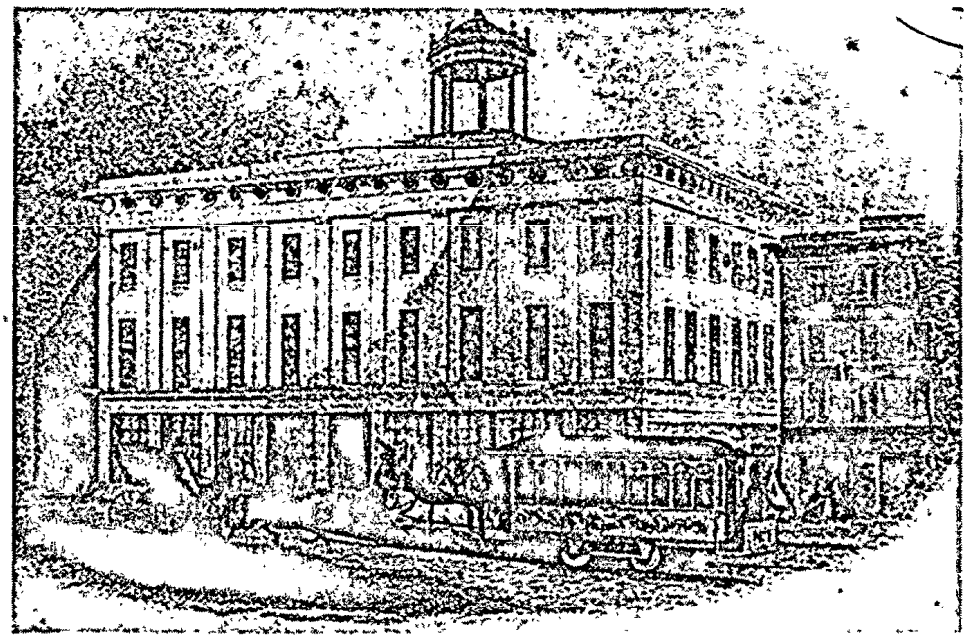
Timothy Walker is duly credited with firmly establishing the Law School. He was devoted to the institution and was highly creative. In 1837, he published his "*Introduction to American Law.*" It ran through eleven editions, the last in 1905, and is regarded as the "American Blackstone."[8] Also, in 1843, he founded "*The Western Law Journal*" and edited it for many years. The *Journal* reported significant judicial decisions and published articles by authorities on law. It combined the functions of the modern law reporter and law review. Walker was a fine teacher and inspired his students with zeal for the Profession of the Law.

In 1845, the Cincinnati College's building was destroyed by fire. A new building was constructed on the same site. The Young Men's Mercantile Association, which had organized a library in 1822, contributed $10,000 to the construction of the new building. In exchange the College gave a perpetual lease to the Association of space for its library. In 1902, the College made a perpetual lease of the site of the building on Walnut Street for a perpetual ground rent of $10,562 per annum and $50,000 to be used in the construction of the new home of the Law School at Ninth Street near Race Street. The purchaser of the interest constructed a new building at the Walnut Street site in which the Mercantile Library is still housed.

The major part of the funds for construction of the new home of the College was raised through the sale of bonds.[9] In the same year that the Ohio General Assembly empowered the College to issue the bonds, it also demonstrated its regard for the quality of the College's educational program by authorizing the Supreme Court of Ohio to admit graduates of the Law School to the Bar of Ohio upon award of their diploma. In 1869, the College building again burned, and, in 1870, it was reconstructed.

The deanship of Maskell E. Curwen spanned the years 1850-68.[10] Curwen was the author of "*Curwen on Torts*" and edited the *Revised Statutes of Ohio*, continuing the work begun by Salmon P. Chase. Outstanding faculty members during this period included Judge Bellamy Storer, who served nineteen years, and Judge George Hoadly, who served twenty-three years. Judge Hoadly was Governor of Ohio and was an outstanding corporation lawyer.

Rufus King was Dean of the Law School from 1875 until 1880.[11] William Howard Taft, who studied under Dean King, described him as "a man of the highest type, a gentleman bred in the bone, a hard headed, hard hitting lawyer, deeply trained in the common law . . . He . . . devoted his life long to the cause of education in all its



Cincinnati College—Walnut Street

branches. No student could sit under him and not be inspired to higher things."[12] During Dean King's administration, the curriculum was broadened substantially and the number of class sessions was doubled.[13] Other members of the faculty were Judge Hoadly, Professor Henry A. Morrill, who served on the faculty for forty years, and Major General Manning F. Force, the author of a textbook entitled "*Principles of the Criminal Law.*" Dean King taught Constitutional Law. In his will, he endowed the Rufus King Professorship of Constitutional Law, which continues today.

In 1878, an alumni association of the Law School was organized. Charles D. Drake was the first President.[14]

The quality of the educational program was improved greatly during the administration of Dean Jacob D. Cox from 1880 to 1897. In 1896, the course of study was increased to three academic years of eight months each, with a four month vacation between terms.[15] This was a giant step forward. In 1971 it continues the same. The faculty was enlarged by the addition of George R. Sage, Channing Richards and Hiram D. Peck. The number of graduates, during Cox's administration, averaged seventy-five per year. This is the strongest period of the Law School's competitive era in legal education.

Cox achieved a variety of accomplishments. He was a distinguished General in the Civil War and an outstanding military historian and scientist. He was Governor of Ohio, served briefly as Secretary of the Interior under Grant — resigning because of differences over the civil service — and was then elected to Congress.

Cox also served as President of the University of Cincinnati from 1885 to 1889. In 1886, Cox proposed the consolidation of all the educational institutions in the City.[16] A union of several of the medical institutions was achieved. In 1892, the Ohio General Assembly amended the statute of 1819, which had chartered the Cincinnati College, to provide that all powers conferred by the statute on the Board of Trustees of the Cincinnati College should thereafter be exercised by the Board of Trustees of the University of Cincinnati.[17] The Trustees of the Cincinnati College objected strenuously to this statute. In *Ohio v. Neff*, the Ohio Supreme Court held that the statute violated the protection of private property assured by the Ohio Constitution and was void.[18]

The litigation between the University and the Cincinnati College had disrupted negotiations for a merger of the two schools. Accord-

ingly, in 1896, the University of Cincinnati established a Law Department. Moving spirits in this development were Alfred B. Benedict and William Howard Taft. Benedict was a graduate of the University and of the Cincinnati Law School and was then serving on the Board of Directors of the University. The Law Department was begun with an illustrious faculty of six members. William Howard Taft, then a Federal Circuit Judge, was made Dean. The other members were Judson Harmon, who had served as Attorney-General of the United States and was to serve as Governor of Ohio; Lawrence Maxwell, who had served as Solicitor-General of the United States; Rufus B. Smith, then Judge of the Superior Court and who was to serve as Chairman of the Board of Directors of U.C.; Dr. Gustavus H. Wald, the noted authority on contracts, and J. Doddridge Brannan.

Professor Langdell of Harvard had developed the "case" system of law study to replace the textbook system. It was recognized by the faculty of the new Law Department that the "case" method created a realistic atmosphere for study of the litigative process and laid an effective base for dissection and analysis of legal doctrine. Hence, the faculty decided to adopt the "case" method. Wald and Brannan had studied under Langdell and were familiar with the system. The classes of the new Law Department were conducted in rooms on the north side of Fourth Street between Vine and Walnut. The law course, like that of the Cincinnati Law School, required three academic years for completion.

The competition between the two Law Schools paved the way to an early union. In 1897, the Cincinnati College and the University of Cincinnati entered into a contract for a merger of at least ten years. The united schools were to be called the Cincinnati Law School. The College, which had facilities, was to furnish these and the income from its endowment. The University was to contribute $1,000 annually. The tuition paid by students also was to be used exclusively in the legal education program. The reorganization was executed by Dean Taft. The members of the faculty of the UC Law department were retained. From the Cincinnati Law School faculty Professor H.A. Morrill and Judge John R. Sayler were appointed but Dean Cox, while favoring the merger, declined to serve. The following year, four additional members were appointed: Albert B. Benedict, Harlan Cleveland, Frank B. James and Charles M. Hepburn. The combined group constituted an outstanding faculty.

In 1900, the Association of American Law Schools was organized,

with the purpose of establishing standards of legal education appropriate to the responsibilities of members of the bar in serving society. The Cincinnati Law School participated in the formation of the Association and was a charter member.

Taft was appointed Governor of the Philippines in 1900 and he was succeeded as Dean by Professor Gustavus H. Wald. Dean Wald was the author of "*Wald's Pollock on Contracts*," which ran through three editions.[19] In 1902, after a brief term as Dean, he died. In his memory, members of his family, Mrs. Betty Wald and Richard H. Wald, endowed the Gustavus H. Wald Professorship of the Law of Contracts, which continues today.

William P. Rogers, who had served as dean of the University of Indiana Law School, was appointed Dean in 1902 and served until 1916.[20] The Cincinnati Law School had been the only law school in Ohio until 1885. However, there were now a number of law schools in Ohio and adjoining states. This decreased enrollment. Nevertheless, under Rogers, the faculty raised the standard of admission from a high school education to one year of college.[21] During this period, approximately one-third of the students in the Law School obtained college degrees prior to beginning law study. Also, in this period the curriculum was broadened significantly, and greater emphasis was placed on the use of full time faculty members.

On October 17, 1903, the new home of the Cincinnati Law School at 21 West Ninth Street was dedicated. An impressive program was presented.[22] Dean Rogers' address includes a statement which discloses his progressive philosophy of legal education:

> "Law, like civilization, is a growth. . . . In this evolution of the law, in this forward march with civilization, the trained lawyers must lead the column. They must guard the community's interests and look well to her laws. The proper laws of a community may there exist not only long before they are decreed but often in contradiction to those which are declared. When the letter of the law is dead, when its precepts are disregarded and its commands unenforced, it is no longer law in that community though no repeal has been enacted, nor decision rendered declaring it void."

His words are appropriate for the foreseeable future. The principal address was given by Sir Frederick Pollock, the eminent English jurist, on the virtues of the common law.

In 1907, the Cincinnati Law School, upon a unanimous vote of the students, adopted the honor system of taking examinations.[23] On his examination book the student was required to certify that he had not given or received aid in the examination. Also, he was under a duty to report any observed violation by other students. This honor system continues in the Law School today.

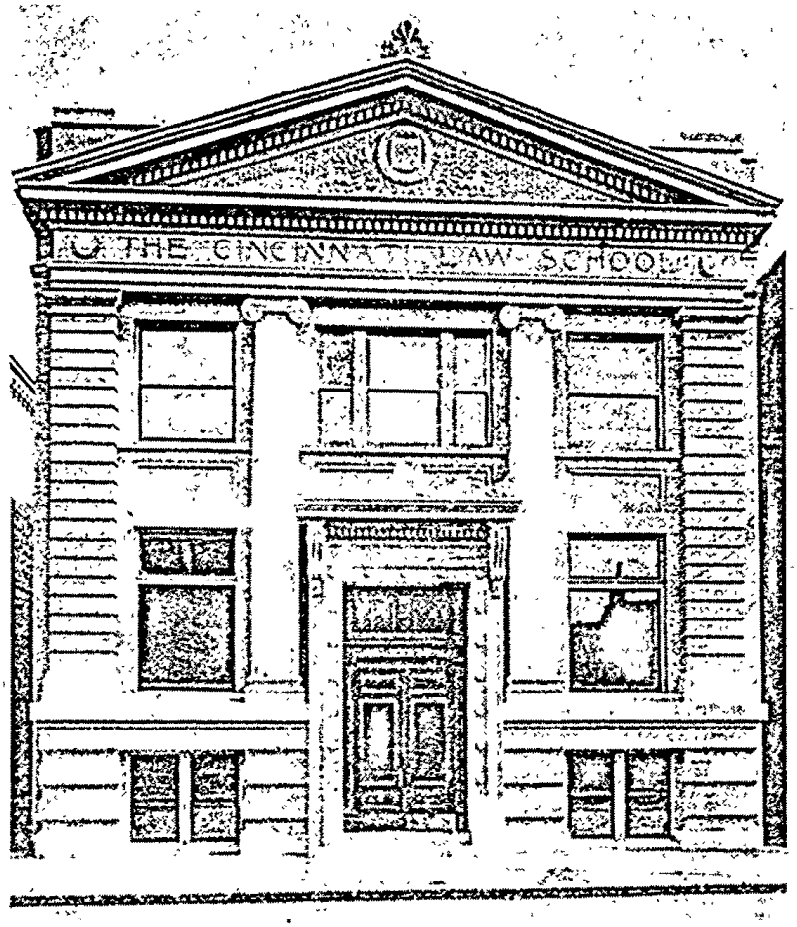
On June 5, 1908, the Cincinnati Law School celebrated its seventy-fifth anniversary.[24] The major addresses were by Dean James Barr Ames of the Harvard Law School and Dean George W. Kirchwey of the Columbia School of Law. Dean Ames, emphasized that "The training of students must always be the chief object of the law school, but this work should be supplemented by solid contributions of their professors to the improvement of law." Dean Kirchwey's address made the point that "our legal education is wholly insufficient to answer the high purposes to which the bar of this country is called." He recommended that a college degree should be a prerequisite to law study, observing that:

> "Our judges are, in the nature of our system, practically the leaders in the social revolution which is upon us, and if it is to be wisely guided, it should be in the hands of men who know the forces with which they are dealing."

The agreement for merger which the University of Cincinnati and the Cincinnati College made in 1897 only bound the Cincinnati College for ten years. In 1911, the Cincinnati College severed its connection with the University.[25] It was thought by some trustees of the College that the University was exercising disproportionate control over the College.

In 1916, Dean Rogers retired and was succeeded by Professor Alfred B. Benedict. Dean Benedict had been a moving force behind the initial merger of the Law Department of the University and the Cincinnati College. His interest in unification of the law schools continued. Benedict negotiated with Rufus B. Smith, then Chairman of the Board of Directors of the University, regarding potential terms of a merger. The late Francis H. Baldwin had recently bequeathed $700,000 to the University. Smith assured Benedict that it was possible for the University to contribute $13,000 annually to the support of the Law School.[26] This sum substantially matched the income from the endowment of the Cincinnati College.

In 1918, the final union of the Law School of the Cincinnati



Cincinnati Law School—Ninth Street

College (Cincinnati Law School) and the University of Cincinnati was achieved.[27] The agreement provided that the University would maintain the Cincinnati Law School "as a school of instruction in law in the most approved manner" and "of as high grade or higher than . . . now maintained." The course of instruction was to be at least three years. At least three of the faculty were required to be full time teachers. The trusts granted to the College by the wills of Rufus King, Mary Dexter and John R. Sayler, and the gifts of Betty Wald, Richard H. Wald and of George Wood Logan, were to be performed by the University. All income from the endowment and property of the College and all tuition paid by students was to be applied exclusively to maintenance of the Law School. In addition, the University was to contribute $13,000 annually. Today,

the President and the Board of Directors of the University serve in the dual capacity of President and Trustees of the Cincinnati College. Also, the Dean of the UC College of Law serves as one of the Trustees of the Cincinnati College.

Dean Rogers, in his final report, stated that it was advisable for the Cincinnati Law School to present all legal education offered in the vicinity. He suggested that the quality of night legal education could be raised substantially by extending the program of study to four years, the last of which should be taken in the day law school[28] In 1916, under Dean Benedict, an Evening Department was begun. The faculty which formerly conducted the Cincinnati Y.M.C.A. Night Law School became the faculty of the Evening Department of the Cincinnati Law School. The requirements for graduation from the Evening Department with the LL.B. degree were as follows:

> "Satisfactory completion of the three years' course in the Evening Department and a one year course in the Day Department to be prescribed by the Trustees, and comprising subjects not included in the Evening Department."[29]

It was explained that the traditional curriculum of night law schools omitted some subjects in the growing public law field which were offered in day law schools. Students who had successfully completed the three year course in the Evening Department were admitted to the Bar Examination and it was contemplated that the program of study in the Day Department could be taken on released time after the student had begun the practice of law. This proved to be impractical for some law students in the Evening Department and they requested that the requirement of a year's study in the Day Department be revoked. Accordingly, the Trustees adopted a policy of permitting the fourth year of study to be taken in the Evening Department but provided that the instruction should be given by Faculty of the Day Department.[30]

Apparently the transfer of the YMCA Night Law School faculty to the newly established Evening Department of the Cincinnati Law School was not preceded by a firm merger agreement. In any event, the YMCA Night Law School continued operations, recruiting a new faculty.[31] In the second year of operation of the Evening Department of the Cincinnati Law School, only ten students enrolled. To have committed the Law School to four years of instruction for this small group would have entailed substantial financial loss, which the

Law School was unable to bear. Accordingly, the Trustees of the Law School voted to discontinue enrollment of first year classes in the Evening Division and thereby phased out the evening law school program.[32]

During World War I, enrollment declined but following the war, increased and four of the faculty taught full time. A combined liberal arts and law program was adopted under which the liberal arts student could devote the senior year to law study.[33]

In 1917, the Law School and the Legal Aid Society initiated a program under which senior law students, under the supervision of practicing lawyers, provide legal service to indigent persons. The program has continued without interruption and now includes junior as well as senior law students.

In 1920, the building at 21 West Ninth Street was sold and the Law School was moved into the original McMicken Building located on Clifton Avenue two blocks west of Vine Street, near the old streetcar incline. Here classes were conducted until 1925. Professor Alfred A. Morrison, who enrolled in the Law School in 1924, recalls with nostalgia "the streetcars going up or down on the incline" and "the whiff of the hops which emanated so regularly from the breweries that any student who happened to have studied late and to have hurried off to bed without winding his watch could wind and set it by the 9:05 a.m. whiff."[34]

On October 25, 1925, the present home of the Law School, Alphonso Taft Hall, located on the main campus of the University of Cincinnati, was dedicated. It was most fitting that the building be named for Alphonso Taft. A generous contribution toward the cost of construction was made by Alphonso Taft's son, Charles P. Taft and Mrs. Taft. Alphonso Taft had a life long interest in the University of Cincinnati and the Law School. He served on the faculty of the Law School in 1866-67 and was later Chairman of the Board of Directors of the University of Cincinnati. In public life, he was an outstanding jurist, Minister to Austria and Russia, and Secretary of War in Grant's Cabinet. Three of Alphonso Taft's sons were graduates of the Law School. The principal address at the dedication exercises was given by one of these, William Howard Taft, who had served as President of the United States and was then Chief Justice of the United States.

In the final analysis, the greatness of a law school is determined by the level at which its graduates have carried their professional

responsibilities. Measured by that standard, the Cincinnati Law School is a great law school. For example, at the dedication of the Alphonso Taft Hall, prominent alumni present included President and Chief Justice of the United States William Howard Taft, Vice-President Charles G. Dawes, Speaker of the House Nicholas Longworth, former Speaker of the House "Uncle Joe" Cannon, Chief Justice of Ohio Carrington T. Marshall, former Chief Justice of the Ohio Supreme Court Hugh L. Nichols, and other notable graduates. Other distinguished alumni include Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States Willis Van Devanter, Speakers of the House of Representatives Champ Clark and Milton Sayler, United States Attorney General Judson Harmon, Solicitor General of the United States Lawrence Maxwell, Secretary of Commerce Charles Sawyer, and many others who have served as Chief Justices or Associate Justices of State Supreme Courts, members of the Federal Judiciary, and Senators, Congressmen and Governors of various states.

The striking number of distinguished alumni of the UC College of Law is due in significant part to the fact that for a long time the Cincinnati Law School was the only Law School west of the Alleghenies. However, the record is in part a reflection of the high quality of the program of instruction. This is evidenced by the continuing success of alumni of the UC College of Law after a large number of law schools had been established in Ohio and adjoining States. For example, at the present time two members of the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit, Paul C. Weick and John W. Peck, four members of the Federal District Court for the Southern District of Ohio, David S. Porter, Timothy S. Hogan, Joseph P. Kinneary, and Carl B. Rubin, and Associate Justice of the Ohio Supreme Court Louis Schneider Jr., are graduates of the UC College of Law. Over the years, many UC College of Law graduates have been judges in the local trial courts.

In 1925, Murray Seasongood began his teaching of Municipal Corporations, a post held for 34 years, retiring in 1959 at the age of eighty. His "Cases on Municipal Corporations," compiled while on the UC Faculty, was used in many law schools. He was succeeded by Charles P. Taft, the third generation of the Tafts to teach in the Cincinnati Law School.

In 1926, Merton L. Ferson, a gifted teacher, scholar and administrator, became Dean of the UC College of Law and provided

outstanding leadership for two decades.[35] Ferson had served with distinction as Dean of the George Washington University Law School and the University of North Carolina Law School. In his teaching, Ferson posed hypothetical cases involving a horse named "Pompey" and a cow named "Violet." To his students Pompey and Violet became real personalities.

Under Ferson, a number of steps were taken to improve the quality of legal education. In 1937, three years of college work were required for admission to the College of Law. The curriculum was broadened. Ferson favored an increase in the time for the law course from three to four years; however, the recommendation was not adopted. In 1927, the *Cincinnati Law Review* was begun. It was then the only law review published in Ohio. The *Review* not only published articles by authorities on law but also provided a medium for publication of comments and notes on recent cases written by law students. Even today the *Law Review* is the most effective teaching tool in the Law School. Case clubs were organized to develop skill in oral argument. One of the clubs was named for Timothy Walker and the other for William Howard Taft. Ferson developed (with Stoddard) the first law school aptitude test and used it in the admissions process at UC. He increased the ratio of full time to part time teachers and by attracting members from different parts of the country made the faculty more national in character. To maintain communication with alumni, the "Bulletin," containing news of significant events at the Law School was regularly sent to the graduates.

In 1928, Mrs. Edith Harrison Smith endowed at the UC College of Law a law collection as a memorial to her late husband, Rufus B. Smith. Rufus B. Smith was a distinguished alumnus, a member of the faculty of law, and chairman of the Board of Directors of the University of Cincinnati. Today the Rufus B. Smith Law Collection exceeds 67,000 volumes.

On June 9, 1933 the centennial of the Cincinnati Law School was celebrated. Distinguished alumni convened from all parts of the country. The major address in the impressive program was given by Dean Roscoe Pound of the Harvard Law School.

The great depression of the early thirties had a strong impact on law. Many new laws intended to restart the stalled economy were passed and new administrative agencies were created to execute these laws. These changes called for a reexamination of the

curriculum and increased emphasis on the public law. Dean Ferson and the creative faculty which he had helped to assemble were equal to this. The student not only was trained in the lawyer's skills but also, using Ferson's term, developed "social-mindedness."

Dean Ferson appreciated the importance of organizations in promoting excellence in legal education. He, together with Grauman Marks — then Chairman of the Legal Education Committee of the Ohio Bar Association — led the founding of the League of Ohio Law Schools. Also, he served as the League's first President. This organization has contributed to the improvement of standards of legal education among the law schools of Ohio. Ferson served with distinction as President of the Association of American Law Schools, which serves a similar function on the national level.

Dean Ferson was sensitive to the relationship between law schools and the profession of the bar. He was president of the Cincinnati Bar Association. Also he led the establishment of the Cincinnati Law Institutes and Bar Conferences in which outstanding authorities in the law lectured and judges, lawyers and law teachers participated. Some of these proceedings were published in the *Cincinnati Law Review* The topics selected were timely and important and the treatment of them was creative.

The UC College of Law, like all other educational institutions in the country, was greatly affected by World War II. The entry into the armed forces of young men and women of law school age drastically reduced enrollment. Most members of the full time faculty took leaves of absence to serve in the armed forces or in the new Federal agencies created to facilitate the war effort and to maintain economic stability. Consideration was given to closing the Law School for the duration of the war. However, the Cincinnati Law School had a record of continuous service through the Civil War, Spanish-American War and World War I. The importance of maintaining unbroken the Law School's long record of continuous service was appreciated. Hence, the educational program was continued throughout World War II. In view of the small number of students enrolled and the desire to maintain the high quality of the *Cincinnati Law Review*, publication of the *Review* was suspended from 1942 to 1947.

Ferson made a substantial contribution to legal scholarship. He was one of the "restaters" of the American Law Institute's "Restatement of Contracts" and did the annotations for the Ohio

section. His "Rational Basis of Contracts" and "Principles of Agency" are creative approaches to the simplification and clarification of these complex areas of law. Other members of the faculty published important works. Among these was Professor Harold Shepherd who, while a member of the UC faculty of law, edited the first edition of his "Cases and Materials on Contracts." At the age of seventy, Ferson reached the compulsory retirement age at UC. For him retirement was fifteen more years of teaching and publication at other law schools.

In 1946, Frank S. Rowley, who had been a Professor at the UC College of Law for twenty years, became Dean. Professor Rowley was a fine teacher and compiled a highly practical casebook on "Secured Transactions." The first article published in the *Cincinnati Law Review* is an article by Rowley on the subject of radio broadcasting. During World War II, Professor Rowley was Procurement Judge Advocate of the Army. He was cognizant of the place of public law in society. Faculty recruited during his deanship typically had experience in practice with administrative agencies as well as in private law firms.

During World War II, most persons who contemplated studying law had postponed their legal education in order to enter the armed services. At the end of World War II, this backlog of law students inundated the law schools throughout the country. It was deemed in the over-all interest to assist the returning service men and women to make up part of the time given in the service of their country. By omitting the usual three months summer vacation and most holidays, three full semesters of law study were compressed into each academic year. In this way, the three year law curriculum was completed in two years. In this period, enrollment at the UC College of Law reached a peak of 439 students, and facilities were overcrowded. Nevertheless, through diligent effort, the faculty maintained a course of study of excellent quality.

During Dean Rowley's administration, the Robert S. Marx Seminars were begun. Through these programs, outstanding authorities on law and political science are brought to the College to discourse on timely, significant developments in the law. Originally admission was by invitation issued to persons selected on the basis of potential interest. Judge Marx developed at the College of Law his creative course entitled "Facts." In this course, he taught students techniques for discovering, preserving and presenting facts

at the pre-litigative and litigative levels. The classroom theory was implemented with clinical sessions in offices of the United States Attorney, Prosecuting Attorney for Hamilton County, and other legal offices. Thus, he anticipated by years the present swing of the pendulum of legal education toward the clinical method.

In 1948, Judge John W. Peck began his Practice Court, in which Senior law students conducted a complete trial of a case. Judge Peck held this court until 1968, during much of this period commuting from Columbus, Ohio, where he served on the Ohio Supreme Court and as Tax Commissioner.

In 1952, while in the prime of life, Dean Rowley died. His untimely passing was a great loss to the College of Law. Those who studied under him remember his mastery of his subject and his insistence that students be completely familiar with the materials studied. Seldom has a man more completely won the hearts and respect of his students and faculty.

The greatness of any institution depends in significant part on a woman who places the institution above all else. At the UC College of Law, this woman was Nettie Birk. Nettie Birk began serving the College in 1917. She became Secretary of the Faculty in 1918 and, when the position of Secretary of the College was created in 1947, she was named to it. She was devoted to law students and did all in her ability to assist them. She followed the progress of the alumni with deep interest. Throughout her service, she compiled scrapbooks which recorded the events at the Law School and the success of the alumni. She had planned to retire in 1952, after 35 years of service. However, when Dean Rowley died suddenly and an inexperienced administrator was selected dean, she obeyed the call of duty two additional years. During World War II, Nettie Birk originated a newsletter through which her students in the armed services kept contact with each other. An alumnus somewhere over there wrote to Nettie Birk: "Keep the Servicemen's News Letter coming. It is a morale builder of the highest order." At the UC College of Law, Nettie Birk was alma mater.

Following the death of Dean Rowley, Professor Roscoe L. Barrow was named Acting Dean in 1952 and Dean in 1953. Prior to joining the faculty in 1949, he had served in legal positions with several Federal departments and agencies, being at one time Special Assistant to the Attorney General of the United States.

Following World War II, enrollment in law schools throughout

the country had reached a new crest due to the return of the servicemen. The rapid entry into the profession of large numbers of law school graduates eventually created a delay in assimilation of them. Consequently, enrollment at UC and in law schools throughout the country declined substantially.

In 1952, the UC law students formed the Student Bar Association. Through the Association, the law students govern themselves. In this way, professional responsibility and leadership are developed. Also the Association invites judges and lawyers to address the students and plans student activities.

Also in 1952, an exchange program between students of the Colleges of Medicine and Law was developed. Medical students gave expert testimony or attending physician testimony in Practice Court cases involving medico-legal issues. Law students joined medical students in the diagnostic clinics at the College of Medicine. The purpose was to bring about greater understanding and power of communication between doctors and lawyers in order that both professions might better serve the patient-client. The innovation was reported in *Newsweek Magazine* for February 2, 1953 and generated favorable comment in educational journals.

From 1953 through 1954, Dean Barrow, aided by some members of the faculty, conducted a study of the laws and administrative practices throughout the country relating to epilepsy. The results of the study were reported in a book, "Epilepsy and the Law," written by Dean Barrow and Dr. Howard D. Fabing, a member of the faculty of the College of Medicine and, a world renowned neurologist. Within a decade, the anachronistic laws described in the book had been repealed and the model laws proposed therein had been enacted throughout the country.

In 1954, the College of Law began a program of continuing legal education for practicing lawyers. These courses were of full semester length but were not a part of a degree program. The courses were intended to provide the practicing lawyer with advanced professional study in areas of law which were new or which were undergoing substantial change. Courses were presented in Dayton, Ohio, as well as in Cincinnati. The continuing legal education program was directed by Professor Frank D. Emerson, the author of a book on corporation law entitled "Shareholder Democracy."

In the fifties, legal education was criticized by the Profession

of the Bar for insufficient emphasis upon development of the lawyer's skills. Many commentators recommended that law students be required to serve a clinical period comparable to the internship served by medical students. The faculty of the College of Law attempted to meet this criticism by developing a unique program of applied skills. Since 1917, senior law students had been serving in the Legal Aid Clinic conducted by the Legal Aid Society. Judge Marx had created at UC his unique course on "Facts." The "Case Club" course provided first year students experience in writing briefs and arguing appellate cases. The "Practice Court" provided third year students experience in trying a case. However, to augment the applied skills program, the faculty increased the hours required for graduation from 80 to 86, and added a "Legal Writing Seminar," in which students draft legal instruments such as the beginning lawyers must prepare, and a course in "Trial Technique," in which students study the more difficult phases of trial work. In 1956, Professor Irwin C. Rutter was appointed to supervise the applied skills program and to integrate it with the substantive theory courses. He made significant contributions to education in the applied skills, which other law schools have adopted.

Prior to 1953, the Marx Seminars had been designed for practicing lawyers and, with rare exception, students were not invited. In 1953, a second category of Marx programs, the Marx Lectures, was begun, designed for law students. However, lawyers having a special interest in the subject matter were invited.

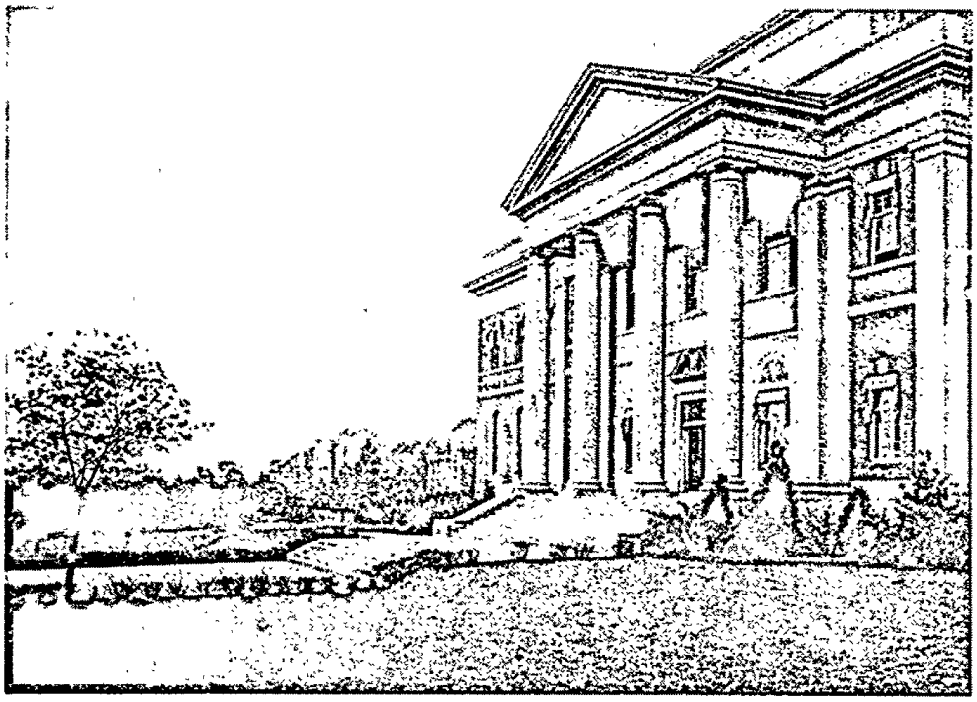
In 1958, A College of Law publication, "Letter to the Alumni" was begun and served the important function of informing alumni of significant events at the Law School.

During the biennium 1957-59, the faculty revised the curriculum substantially. One object was to maintain the interest of students by providing more individualized instruction. Thus in the third year, the number of seminars was increased. Seminar classes are limited in size and the emphasis is on research and the writing of a major paper. Some of the seminars were interdisciplinary in character, notably Land Utilization and Nuclear Energy Law.

The Librarian, Professor William B. Jeffrey, Jr., reconstructed the card catalogue for the law collection. He noted that the last available shelf space had been filled, and that it would be necessary to postpone substantial acquisitions until a new library building could be provided.

On May 9 and 10, 1958, the 125th anniversary of the College of Law and the centennial of the birth of its outstanding alumnus, William Howard Taft, were celebrated. The commemoration was a homecoming for alumni from all parts of the country. The highlight of the program was an address by Chief Justice of the United States Earl Warren. He called for greater emphasis on judicial administration in order that the work of the courts might be expedited and even-handed justice dispensed. The Chief Justice, who received an honorary degree, was very tolerant of the "Impeach Earl Warren" sign conspicuously displayed in downtown Cincinnati.

At the Alumni Association Banquet, an outstanding alumnus, former Secretary of Commerce Charles Sawyer, was the principal speaker. He warned that the Bill of Rights was being interpreted in a manner which protected criminals and that the government, in the process of informing citizens, was aiding Communist Russia. Speaking of the grand tradition of the Cincinnati Law School, Dean Barrow concluded, "In our Commemorative Exercises we express pride in our grand tradition. But we also look to the past as a prologue to a greater future. Let us so serve that, when our Sesqui-



Law School—University of Cincinnati

Centennial is celebrated, those who appraise our work may say that this too, was a worthy part of the grand tradition."

Early in 1961, a representative of the Board of Trustees of the Salmon P. Chase College of Law opened negotiations with the President and Board of Directors of the University of Cincinnati for a merger of the Chase College with UC. Initially, the President and Board of Directors of UC were favorably inclined toward a merger. However, when the subject was broached to the Dean and Faculty of the UC College of Law, they suggested that the merger might result in deterioration of the educational program of the College of Law and recommended that a thorough study be made prior to reaching a decision.

It was pointed out that the quality law schools having day and evening divisions were phasing out their evening divisions and that, in the complex society of today and for the foreseeable future, the "rule of law" required training at the highest professional level. Just as the medical schools, on the basis of the Flexner Report, long ago discontinued part time medical education, today the prevailing view among legal educators is that training for the profession of the law is a full time job. At the turn of the century, the Cincinnati Law School was a day law school and it seemed anachronistic to begin an evening law school in 1961. Also, the merger in 1916 of the U.C. College of Law with the Y.M.C.A. Night Law School had proved unsuccessful. More important, to have maintained an evening law school program at the quality level attained in the day law school would have entailed much greater cost than the typical night law school incurred.

To aid in solving the question of whether the two Colleges of Law should be merged, a representative of the Association of American Law Schools and a representative of the American Bar Association were commissioned to make a study. While differing on the advisability of a merger, these authorities agreed that, if programs of equal quality were to be maintained in the day and evening programs, a substantial additional endowment of the evening program would have been necessary. The representative of Chase College was informed of this report. On this note, negotiations terminated.

"Give me a log hut," said James A. Garfield, "with only a simple bench, Mark Hopkins on one end and I on the other, and you may have all the buildings, apparatus and libraries without him." This

statement appropriately emphasizes the importance of good teaching. The Socratic method, in which King Professor Wilbur R. Lester at UC is skilled, is essential to strong legal education. However, legal education of high quality also requires facilities and service conducive to research and study. Alphonso Taft Hall was planned when the full time faculty was small, secretarial staff limited, and a library and one class room for each of the three years in law school were adequate facilities. The expansion of full time faculty, increase in secretarial service, growth of the book collection, and addition of seminar and elective courses, rendered Alphonso Taft Hall inadequate.

The Trustees of the Robert A. Marx Estate, Mr. Samuel Huttenbauer, Mr. Howard Kaichen, Mr. Lawrence I. Levi, and Mr. Hugh White recognized this. Also, they appreciated that because of Judge Marx's life-long interest in the College of Law, as alumnus, teacher and benefactor, an improvement of the facilities would be a most appropriate memorial to Judge Marx. Judge Marx had expressed to some of the Trustees, the wish that they make a substantial gift to the College. In academic year 1961-62, The Trustees donated $450,000 for the construction of the Robert S. Marx Law Library. The construction of a new building for the law collection released space in Alphonso Taft Hall for other essential uses. These improvements enabled law students to prepare more effectively to assume their professional responsibilities. Professor Charles E. Stevenson, who was a civil engineer and lawyer, was the faculty chairman for this improvement.

At the commencement exercises in June 1963, the graduates for the first time received the Juris Doctor degree. Later the degree was conferred retroactively upon recipients of the LL.B. degree who preferred the J.D. degree. Law students are required to obtain a baccalaureate degree prior to beginning study of law. They spend three more years in residence to obtain the degree in law. The total years of higher education required to qualify for the law degree are seven. A baccalaureate degree in law connotes a lower level of education than has in fact been obtained. This tends to downgrade the profession of the law in the eyes of the public. More recently, the American Bar Association has recommended that law schools change the law degree from LL.B. to J.D. and this recommendation has been adopted widely.

In 1957 students of the College of Law began publication of a

newspaper, "The Restatement." This medium of communication has provided an important forum for the dissemination of ideas regarding legal education. Also, it reports significant events at the College of Law.

From 1951 to 1964, the Master of Laws degree was offered at the College of Law. The College did not have a special graduate law department such as exists in law schools having substantial enrollment in the program of graduate study. However, the program was useful to the occasional law graduate who desired to spend a fourth year of law study in a special area. In 1964, the graduate program was terminated because enrollment was increasing and faculty resources had to be conserved for the J.D. program.

In 1961, Professor Stanley E. Harper, Jr., was appointed Associate Dean of the UC College of Law. Prior to his appointment, the administration had been conducted by a dean without the aid of a second officer.

On May 6-8, 1965, the Robert S. Marx Law Library was dedicated. The dedicatory exercises were held in conjunction with the Twenty-Sixth Annual Conference of the Sixth Judicial Circuit of the United States. In attendance were the Judges of the Federal Courts in the Sixth Judicial Circuit, representatives from many sister law schools throughout the United States, and alumni and friends of the College of Law. The dedicatory address was made by the Chief Justice of the United States Earl Warren. The Chief Justice was introduced by Mr. Justice Potter Stewart, then Sixth Circuit Justice. The theme for the dedicatory events was "Decision Making in a Free Society." The Chief Justice adopted this theme for his address. Emphasizing the role of the individual in decision making, he said: "Each of us has the grave responsibility of decision-making. He also has the obligation to let the decision be known — through the ballot, by communicating with his legislative representatives, and by expressing himself at the community level."

In 1963, Dean Barrow had announced his resignation as Dean, effective at the end of the 1964-65 academic year. In 1965, Dr. Claude R. Sowle was appointed Dean. Dean Sowle had served as Associate Dean of the Northwestern University School of Law and had gained national recognition as an authority on Criminal Law. He was co-editor of a widely used casebook on Criminal Law, "Cases and Comments on Criminal Justice," and of a book entitled "A

Concise Explanation of the Illinois Criminal Code." Also he was Editor in Chief of the *Journal of Criminal Law, Criminology and Police Science* from 1960 to 1965. Dean Sowle was very perceptive of public relations and possessed a gift for administration. In 1967, during the illness of Vice President for Academic Affairs Hoke S. Greene, Dean Sowle exercised the additional role of Acting Vice President of Academic Affairs at UC.

As a result of the greatly increased office space and book capacity made possible by completion of the Robert S. Marx Law Library building the remodeling of Alphonso Taft Hall, and the national trend of increasing enrollment, the full time faculty was increased from eleven to sixteen, the College's rate of book acquisition was doubled, the staff for the Library and secretarial service for the Faculty were increased substantially, and enrollment reached 300 in the 1968-69 school year. Notwithstanding the significant increase in the size of the student body, admission standards, in terms of the required scholastic average in pre-law study and the law school aptitude score, were raised substantially.

Associate Dean Harper, after the first year of Dean Sowle's administration, returned to full time teaching and Professor Samuel S. Wilson became Associate Dean.

Dean Sowle's administrative talent was recognized by the presidential search committees of various universities. In June 1969, after four years of service as Dean, Dr. Sowle resigned to accept the Presidency of Ohio University at Athens, Ohio. Upon his resignation, Professor Samuel S. Wilson was named Acting Dean and Professor James L. Kennedy, Jr. was named Associate Dean.

In 1969, the Ohio Supreme Court issued a rule which permits law students to practice law under limited conditions and, in 1970, the College of Law established a Civil and Criminal Practice Clinic, which utilizes the Court's student practice rule. As space in the Alphonso Taft Hall and the Robert S. Marx Library was exhausted, a building at 316 West McMillian Street was rented to house the Clinic. Here law students, supervised by a Clinical Instructor, provide representational services to indigents in all phases of civil and criminal matters, including trial and appeal. The criminal cases are in the Hamilton County Municipal Court. The civil cases may be in local courts or before administrative agencies. In addition to representing clients, the clinical program includes a classroom component and a writing requirement. The first Clinical Instructor was

Professor Thomas E. Murphy. He was assisted in establishing procedure and policy by Acting Dean Samuel S. Wilson and Professor John J. Murphy.

In 1970, two important gifts were made to support the program of legal education. The Nippert Chair of Law was endowed with a gift of $625,000. This chair, occupied by the Dean of the College of Law, honors two members of the Nippert family who attended the College of Law, Judge Alfred K. Nippert (1897), and James G. Nippert, who was a member of the class of 1924, and who died in 1923, following an injury incurred in playing varsity football at UC. Also, Mr. Joseph L. Meyer, class of 1896, established the "Jacob and Rosa Meyer Endowment" to support the Law Library of the College of Law. In memory of the late Mr. Joseph L. Meyer, the Court Room at the College of Law has been named the "Joseph L. Meyer Court Room."

In academic year 1969-70 the unusual phenomenon of campus unrest spread through the country like an epidemic. Escalation of the war in Southeast Asia triggered riots at many universities and some students were killed, notably at Kent State University in Ohio and Jackson State in Mississippi. The latter events, and the appearance on the campus of outsiders, led to conditions at the University of Cincinnati constituting a threat to life and property. As the atmosphere was too charged with emotion and fear to permit effective study and a repetition of the tragedy at Kent State seemed possible, the Administration recommended and the Board of Directors ordered the closing of the University.

When the closing occurred, classes at the College of Law had been substantially completed. However, it was not possible to give examinations. The faculty adopted a policy of giving examinations later to those students who were required to have taken examinations in order to be admitted to a Bar Examination or for other purpose.

During 1969-70, a Decanal Selection Committee searched for a permanent Dean. Acting Dean Wilson requested that he not be considered for the post. After an extensive search, Dr. Edward A. Mearns, Jr., was appointed Dean. He had served as Associate Dean of the University of Virginia School of Law and as Dean at Long Island University. Dean Mearns was a consultant on civil rights to the United States Commission on Civil Rights and the United States Commissioner of Education. Also, he was Associate Director of the Association of American Law Schools' Orientation Program in

American Law, which assists foreign law students in accommodating to the study of law in the United States.

Dean Mearns is an ideal Dean for the time. He is very effective in communicating with students. His administration is personalized, the conference being used extensively, and invites "input" in decision making. Dr. Mearns values the importance of long range planning and is setting new goals for the future service of the College of Law. Immediate problems which he faces are that the increased enrollment has rendered the reader stations in the relatively new Robert S. Marx Law Library below the standard required by the Association of American Law Schools and the number of students per faculty member above the level desired by law schools of highest quality.

In 1971, the Faculty's continuous study of the curriculum led to a number of modifications. Practically all courses offered in the second and third years of law study were made elective. The research and writing program was extended so as to provide substantial research and writing programs during each of the three years of law study. The clinical and field work was expanded. Courses relating to the protection of the environment, the problems of consumers and the urban poor, and other areas of concern to present day America, were added to the curriculum.

At the seventy-fifth anniversary of the Cincinnati Law School, in 1908, Dean James Barr Ames of the Harvard Law School observed that an important function of a law school is "solid contributions by their professors to the improvement of law." For a partial list of recent contributions, see Footnote 36.

This is a time of student concern and involvement. College graduates are turning increasingly to law study and the Profession of the Law as a forum in which to contribute to the solving of the problems of mankind. Law students today display more social-mindedness than has been exhibited since the great depression of the thirties. To fill an entering class of 100 students in the fall of 1971, the College of Law selected from 1,300 applicants. The qualifications, in terms of undergraduate scholarship and law school aptitude test scores, are rising. Law students are joining the faculty on committees for the study of curriculum and other matters of concern to students. Their views contribute to sound decision making and improve the quality of legal education.

With a creative faculty making solid contributions to teaching and the improvement of the law, gifted students involved in the

concerns of society, and the new leadership provided by Dean Mearns, the UC College of Law in 1971 is taking its place in the grand tradition of the Cincinnati Law School. May the College of Law, as Rufus B. Smith said long ago, "Ever turn its eyes to the rising—not the setting sun."

ROSCOE L. BARROW

[1]This historical note is based principally upon the official records and publications of the Cincinnati Law School, the Cincinnati College and the UC College of Law, Professor Reginald C. McGrane's history, "The University of Cincinnati: A Success Story in Higher Education" (Harper & Row, New York, 1963), the *Cincinnati Alumnus* for March 1933, publicizing the celebration of the centennial of the Law School, the scrapbooks compiled by the late Secretary of the College, Nettie Birk, and the proceedings and addresses at significant events in the life of the College, have provided valuable information.

[2]No session was conducted during academic year 1841-42 because due to declining enrollment a number of the faculty had resigned and Dean Walker was ill. Except for this year, the service of the Cincinnati Law School has been continuous from 1833 to the present.

[3]The older law schools are Harvard (1817), Yale (1824) and Virginia (1825). Other law schools, such as Litchfield, were established prior to 1833. Among these was Transylvania located at Lexington, Kentucky. However, these schools were dissolved.

[4]A year later, Edmund S. Mansfield was appointed.

[5]One of these students was Charles D. Drake, the son of Dr. Daniel Drake. Charles Drake became United States Senator from Missouri, Chief Justice of the United States Court of Claims, and wrote a book entitled "Drake on Attachment."

[6]During the Presidency of Dr. William H. McGuffey, 1836-1839, he published the first through the fourth in his long series of "McGuffey's Eclectic Readers." The College established what was probably the first professorship of music in the United States, a testimonial to the musical interest of Cincinnatians. Also, in 1836, it established one of the first courses in civil engineering to be offered by any educational institution in the nation. In 1843, it erected an astronomical observatory. The faculty of the Medical Department was highly regarded and published medical textbooks and the *Western Journal of Medicine*.

[7]See "The Thirteenth Annual Catalogue of the Law School of the Cincinnati College for the Academical Year 1863-64," pages 6 and 7.

[8]In his address at the dedication of Alphonso Taft Hall, in 1925, Chief Justice of the United States William Howard Taft said, "Just last week Mr. Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes . . . told me that it was Walker's American Law that first gave him any adequate conception of what law was and what was the profession upon which he was entering."

[9]Address of E.W. Kittredge, President of the Board of Trustees of the Cincinnati College, delivered at the dedication of the Cincinnati Law School's building constructed at 21 West Ninth Street.

[10]Dean Walker resigned as Dean in 1844. William S. Groesbeck and Charles L. Telford, partners in the practice of law, were in charge of the Law School from

1844 to 1849. Their method of instruction emphasized examination upon assigned textbooks on law. See McGrane, *Supra* note 1, page 39.

[11]The bulletins for the Law School for the years 1869 to 1875 show that the administration was rotated annually among the faculty.

[12]Address of Chief Justice of the United States William Howard Taft, delivered at the dedication of Alphonso Taft Hall on October 28, 1925.

[13]Bulletin of the Cincinnati Law School for academic year 1877-78.

[14]McGrane, *supra* note 1, page 127; *supra*, note 5.

[15]Bulletin of the Cincinnati Law School for academic year 1895-96.

[16]Circular dated May 4, 1886, issued by President Cox, and reply of the Trustees of the Cincinnati College dated June 8, 1886.

[17]89 Ohio Laws 647 (1892).

[18]52 Oh. S. 375 (1895).

[19]The third edition of Wald's treatise on Contracts was completed after Dean Wald's death by Professor Samuel Williston of the Harvard Law School, who twelve years later published the first edition of "Williston on Contracts."

[20]In the brief interim, Harlan Cleveland served as Acting Dean.

[21]Dean Rogers' report of June 16, 1915, to the President and Board of Trustees of the Cincinnati College.

[22]The proceedings, including notable addresses, are recorded in the *University of Cincinnati Record* for June and July, 1904.

[23]Report of Dean Rogers to the Trustees of the Cincinnati College, dated May 27, 1907.

[24]The proceedings are recorded in the University of Cincinnati Record for June, 1908.

[25]Report of Dean Rogers to the Trustees of the Cincinnati College, dated May 21, 1912.

[26]Minutes, meeting of the Trustees of the Cincinnati College for March 8, 1918.

[27]The contract is in the official records.

[28]*Supra* note 21.

[29]Minutes of the meeting of the Trustees of the Cincinnati College, April 22, 1916; Bulletin of the Evening Department of the Cincinnati Law School for 1916.

[30]Minutes of the Meeting of the Trustees of the Cincinnati College, for September 26, 1916.

[31]Commercial Tribune, July 14, 1916; see the account, in this Centennial Book by Professor C. Maxwell Dieffenbach of the Salmon P. Chase College of Law.

[32]Minutes of the meeting of the Trustees of the Cincinnati College held on September 28, 1917.

[33]Announcement of the College of Law for 1919-20, page 17.

[34]Remarks by UC Professor Alfred A. Morrison made at a luncheon honoring him upon his retirement.

[35]From 1924 to 1926, Dr. Robert C. Pugh was Acting Dean.

[36]In 1955, Dean Barrow was appointed to direct a study of the broadcasting industry and the regulation of it by the Federal Communications Commission. In October 1957, the book length report resulting from the study, "Network Broadcasting," was published. The study brought about some new legislation by the Congress, substantial changes in the FCC's regulations, and significant changes in the practices of the broadcasting industry.

In the early sixties, members of the Faculty engaged in significant publication and public service. King Professor Wilbur R. Lester served as Staff Director of the Committee on Personnel of the Administrative Conference of the United States and was the author of the important report on Hearing Examiners. Professor Robert

N. Cook began his pioneer research on a comprehensive unified land data system utilizing electronic computers for recording and retrieval.

Professor Ernest C. Friesen, Jr., with the aid of a grant from the Ford Foundation, conducted field studies in pre-trial-conference procedures. Professor Richard L. Strecker wrote a book on "Taxation of Close Corporations." Dean Barrow was appointed Consultant to the Federal Communications Commission and he was President of the Cincinnati Bar Association in 1962-63.

During Dean Sowle's administration, members of the Faculty performed significant public service and publication. Professor Stanley E. Harper, Jr., served as Staff Director of the Rules Advisory Committee of the Supreme Court of Ohio and had a major role in the development of the Ohio Rules of Civil and Appellate Procedure. Professor Fred A. Dewey made a field study of the handling of mental cases by the Probate Courts of Ohio. Professor Robert N. Cook, in 1967, conducted the Tri-State Conference on A Comprehensive Unified Land Data System, and in 1969, published "Real Property in Computers and the Law." Wald Professor Roscoe L. Barrow, in 1965, published the revised second edition of "Epilepsy and the Law," and in 1968 directed hearings for the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee on the Fairness Doctrine. Professor John J. Murphy in 1966-67 was Project Director of the Release of Indigent Accused Project, conducted in cooperation with the Cincinnati Bar Association, and, in 1969, was Director of the CLEO program conducted at the UC College of Law in collaboration with other law schools in Ohio and adjoining States. Professor Gersham Goldstein, in 1968, wrote Volume 6 of Barton's Federal Tax Laws Correlated.

In 1971, the Faculty of the College of Law was continuing to practice Dean Ames' standard. Professor William T. Bahlman, Jr. was rewriting Davies' two volume work on Corporation Law. Wald Professor Roscoe L. Barrow was serving as Chairman of the Contracts Committee of the National Conference of Bar Examiner's Multi-State Bar Examination project and was writing a book on broadcasting law. Professor Robert N. Cook's Comprehensive Unified Land Data System concept had been adopted in Malaysia and implementation of it in the United States, Canada and other countries was being considered strongly. Professor Kenneth L. Aplin was named Adviser to the Supreme Court of Ohio with regard to the drafting of the Ohio Rules of Criminal Procedure. Professor Gersham Goldstein's book entitled "Readings in Death and Gift Tax Reform" was published. Professor Stanley E. Harper, Jr., published a book entitled "Civil Rules Volume for Paige's Ohio Code" and was engaged with others, including Professor Samuel S. Wilson, in writing a multi-volume work entitled "Anderson's Ohio Civil Practice." King Professor Wilbur R. Lester was concluding his term as President of the Ohio Chapter of the Association of American University Professors. Professor John J. Murphy was continuing his service in the CLEO program. Professor Victor E. Schwartz was writing a book entitled "Comparative Negligence—The Total Picture," and was named Official Advisor to the Ohio Judicial Conference on Rules of Evidence. Professor Richard G. Singer developed a program, in cooperation with the Law Enforcement Assistance Association, under which law students engaged in field work internships in the Probation and Parole Departments and the City Work House and was writing a book entitled "Cases and Materials on Corrections."

October 3, 1973

REC 27 94-1-4588-111

X-104

President Warren Bennis
University of Cincinnati
Clifton Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Dear President Bennis:

It was thoughtful of you to write on September 24th concerning the invitation extended by Professor Victor E. Schwartz, Acting Dean of your College of Law, for me to address your Annual Law Alumni Dinner in March, 1974. While I would very much like to give a positive response, regrettably, I am unable to do so as I have advised him that the pressure of my commitments and the uncertainty of my schedule preclude me from accepting this gracious offer. I trust you will understand my position.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

MAILED 9
OCT 3 1973
FBI

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

Deleted Copy Sent Warren Bennis
by Letter dated 10-4-76
Per FOIPA Request jb

1 - Cincinnati - Enclosure
1 - Telephone Room - Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles contain no derogatory information concerning President Bennis. By outgoing of 9-27-73 to Professor Schwartz the invitation he extended for the Director to address the above dinner was declined.

RCD:bf (5)

Assoc. Dir.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

7 OCT 12 1973

MAIL ROOM ✓ TELETYPE UNIT

University of Cincinn

Cincinnati, Ohio 4
(513) 475

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

CLIFTON AVE. RCD

RCD/3

Assoc. Dir.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

September 24, 1973

The Honorable Clarence M. Kelley
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C. 20535

2 - Ea

Dear Mr. Kelley;

I understand that Victor E. Schwartz, Acting Dean of our College of Law, has invited you to be the principal speaker at the Annual Law Alumni Dinner in March of 1974.

I wanted to let you know the importance of this event. It is our University's main vehicle for communicating with judges and lawyers in the greater Cincinnati area.

I realize that you must be besieged with offers to speak, but thought it might be of some help to you to know that the significance of the Annual Law Alumni Dinner goes beyond the walls of the Law College and is a matter that is of interest to the University and the legal community.

With highest regard, I am,

Sincerely yours,

Warren Bennis

Warren Bennis
President

94-1-4588-111

REC 27

EX. 104

10-4
SEP 28 1973

EXP. PROC.
SEP 28 1973
38

#31

Deleted Copy Sent Warren Bennis
by Letter Dated 10-4-76
Per FOIPA Request jh

ack 10-3-73 RCD:bf

NOTED SPEECH ROOM

CORRESPONDENCE

November 19, 1973

C-19 94-1-4588-112

EX-111

Miss [redacted]
[redacted]
Cincinnati, Ohio 45236

b6
b7C

Dear Miss [redacted]:

Your letter of November 12th has been received.

In reply to your inquiry, enclosed is some material concerning aircraft hijacking which I hope will assist you in the preparation of your research project. This is the only information we have for distribution on this topic. It would not be feasible for me to discuss any training our agents receive inasmuch as to do so would reveal investigative techniques of this Bureau which could conceivably hamper our effectiveness.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

Enclosures (4)
Airlines and the FBI
The Futility of Aircraft Hijacking (from 10-72 LEB)
LEB Intro 10-72
Air Travel Crimes (excerpt from 1973 Appropriations Testimony)

NOTE: Correspondent could not be identified in Bufiles. Reply discussed with General Investigative Division.
awt:rlm (3)

Assoc. Dir.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

MAILED 4
NOV 19 1973
FBI

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Aut
19

[redacted]
Cincinnati, Ohio 45236

November 12, 1973

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Ninth Street - Pennsylvania Avenue N.W.
Washington D.C. 20535

b6
b7C

Gentlemen:

I am a student at the Raymond Walters branch of the University of Cincinnati. For my sociology class research project, I have chosen skyjacking. I would appreciate any information you might be able to send to me concerning the role of the FBI during and after a skyjacking. I would be interested in knowing just what kind of training FBI agents must go through before they are eligible to participate in an actual case of hijacking. I have read articles on past cases and realize how vital these FBI men are. I would also like to become more aware of what happens to the hijacker after he has been apprehended. I would be grateful for any such information that you could send me before December 7, when the project is due. Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

REC 18 94-1-4588-112

7 NOV 20 1973

EX-111

CORRESPONDENCE

ack
11-14-73
aut: [illegible]

REC-19 94-1-4588-113

May 1, 1975

Colonel Paul Steuer
University Police
University of Cincinnati
Room 101, Service Building
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

b6
b7C

Dear Colonel Steuer:

On behalf of my associates in Cincinnati, I would like to express my gratitude for the outstanding effort afforded by Sergeant [redacted] of your staff in connection with numerous investigatory matters during the past year.

His invaluable assistance in providing information beneficial to this agency is most appreciated by my colleagues and me. We are indeed grateful and I ask that you extend my special thanks to him.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

1 - Cincinnati (94-0)
Reurlet 4/8/75

NOTE: The Intelligence Division concurs with recommendation of SAC, Cincinnati, that letter of appreciation be sent.

WPH:nlm (5)

MAILED 7
MAY 1 1975
FBI

Assoc. Dir.
Dep. AD Adm.
Dep. AD Inv.
Asst. Dir.:
Admin.
Comp. Syst.
Ext. Affairs
Files & Com.
Gen. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

58 MAY 6 1975

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

GPO 954-546

FD-468 (12-21-73)
OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 4/8/75

ATT.: Correspondence and Tours Section
External Affairs Division

FROM : SAC, CINCINNATI (94-0)

SUBJECT: CORRESPONDENCE MATTERS
RECOMMENDATION FOR LETTER FROM DIRECTOR

This form may be utilized where applicable in conjunction with Bureau letter to Albany and all offices dated 11-7-73 captioned "Correspondence Matters."

Name	Rank (if applicable)
[redacted] Ohio	Sergeant

b6
b7C

Address (include Zip Code)

Room 101, Service Building, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Name of Agency

University Police

Name of Head of Agency (if applicable)

Colonel PAUL STEUER

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION: (Amplify under "Remarks.")

- [ ] Promotion (Indicate from _____ to _____)
- [ ] Serious illness (Indicate where confined; if hospital, how long confinement will be.)
- [ ] Death (Indicate next of kin, widow, if any, and children, if any.)
- [ ] Death in family (Indicate relationship.)
- [ ] Editorial or feature article (Indicate whether complimentary or derogatory; also indicate editor, or newspaperman, to be written to, with address and Zip Code.)

REMARKS: (Set forth below a clear, concise, justification for recommendation. Be specific, omit generalities. If applicable, include Bureau file number.)

EX-101 REC-19

94-1-4588-113

Sergeant [redacted] has over the last year furnished valuable information on a continuing basis to Cincinnati Division on criminal, applicant, and security matters. Recently, in a security investigation regarding an individual who had hitherto been unidentified in Cincinnati Division, and who had traveled to the Peoples Republic of China, (PRC)

2-Bureau
1-Cincinnati

SEE INTD ADDENDUM PAGE 2

HWR:nal
(3)
Enc.

5-5
12 APR 21 1975

CORRESPONDENCE

EXP. PROC.
40 APR 21 1975

Let to Steuer 4/29/75 WPH:nal

Sergeant [redacted] conducted extensive and exhaustive investigation which identified subject as being identical with an individual who had in the past expressed sympathy with the PRC Government. In addition, Sergeant [redacted] furnishes literature and information concerning organizations of interest to the Bureau on an almost daily basis.

It is recommended that a letter of appreciation be sent to him and his department. It is suggested that the original letter be sent to his supervisor, Colonel PAUL STEUER, with a copy of same disseminated to Sergeant [redacted].

b6
b7C

ADDENDUM: Intelligence Division BTP:dln 4/23/75

The Intelligence Division concurs with recommendation of SAC, Cincinnati, that a letter of appreciation be sent to Sergeant [redacted] and his supervisor. BUFILES AND CINCINNATI INDICES CONTAIN NO INFORMATION THAT WOULD PRECLUDE SENDING LETTER OF APPRECIATION.

May 24, 1976

Dear Sir;

I am a student at the University of Cincinnati in the Criminal Justice Department and I am currently involved in an internship program with Inspectional Services Section of the Cincinnati Police Division. The Division is in the process of revising it's weight control program for in-service personnel. I have been referred to you by the Bureau Office here in Cincinnati in hopes that you would be able to give me some information regarding the F.B.I.'s policy regarding weight control and physical fitness for in-service personnel. We would be particularly interested in weight and fitness requirements, plus the diciplinary process as related to non-compliance. I would appreciate any information you could give us in this matter.

94-1-4588-114

6 JUL 13 1976

REC-65

ST 104

Sincerely,

[redacted]

b6
b7C

Milford, Ohio 45150

ASAC Emright, CN, contacted 6/10/76 and advised CN would provide general, non-specific info re physical fitness on informal, verbal basis.

PSU

2 ENCLOSURE

58 JUL 27 1976

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 27 1976
FBI — QUANTICO

NEW AGENTS

PHYSICAL FITNESS TESTS AND RATING SCALE

PULL-UP: MEN

Pull-Ups

Number Completed	Points
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5

Trainee hangs from a horizontal bar palms turned away from face with arms fully extended, as the arms are flexed trainee's body is pulled upward until his chin is up to and over the bar. Trainees body is then lowered back to the hanging position with the arms fully extended.

MODIFIED PULL-UP: WOMEN

Modified Pull-Ups

Number Completed	Points
3	1
6	2
9	3
12	4
15	5

Trainee lies on her back and extends arms upward grasping horizontal bar with the palms of her hands turned away from

94-1-4588-114

ENCLOSURE

her face. The bar is mounted three feet from the floor and two feet from the wall. Trainees' heels must be touching the floor with the legs and back held straight. As the arms are flexed the body is pulled up to the bar to a position where the back of the upper arm is parallel to the floor. The body is then lowered back to the starting position.

PUSH-UP: MEN AND WOMEN

Push-Ups

Number Completed	Points
15	1
20	2
25	3
30	4
35	5

Trainee begins in front learning rest position, hands on the floor arms fully extended, body held straight with the toes touching the floor. As the arms are flexed the body is lowered to the floor until the upper arm is parallel to the floor. Trainee completes the exercise after returning to the starting position.

SIT-UP: MEN AND WOMEN

Sit-Ups

Number Completed	Points
30	1
35	2
40	3
45	4
50	5

Trainee lies on his back interlacing the fingers of both hands behind the head. The knees are placed at a 45 degree

angle with the feet held in place or placed flat on the floor. Trainee raises upper body and touches his left elbow to the right knee and returns to the starting position. On the next sit-up he alternates elbows and touches the right elbow to the left knee and back to the starting position.

120 YARD SHUTTLE RUN: MEN AND WOMEN

See attached Diagram

120-Yard Shuttle Run

Time	Points
29 seconds & over	1
27 - 28.9	2
25 - 26.9	3
22 - 24.9	4
Under 22 seconds	5

Course is 30 yards long with one traffic cone (marker) at each end. Ten yards from each end cone there are two cones set on the left and two cones set on the right sides of the center line, three feet apart, with the inside cones placed three feet on each side of the center line. Trainee begins by lying flat on his back with his head touching the base of the starting cone. On command trainee regains feet by turning to the right and proceeds through the first set of double cones and on to the second set on reaching the end cone he turns or rounds end cone to his left and returns through the two sets of double cones and rounds starting cone turning left and repeats the course.

TWO MILE RUN: MEN AND WOMEN

Two-Mile Run

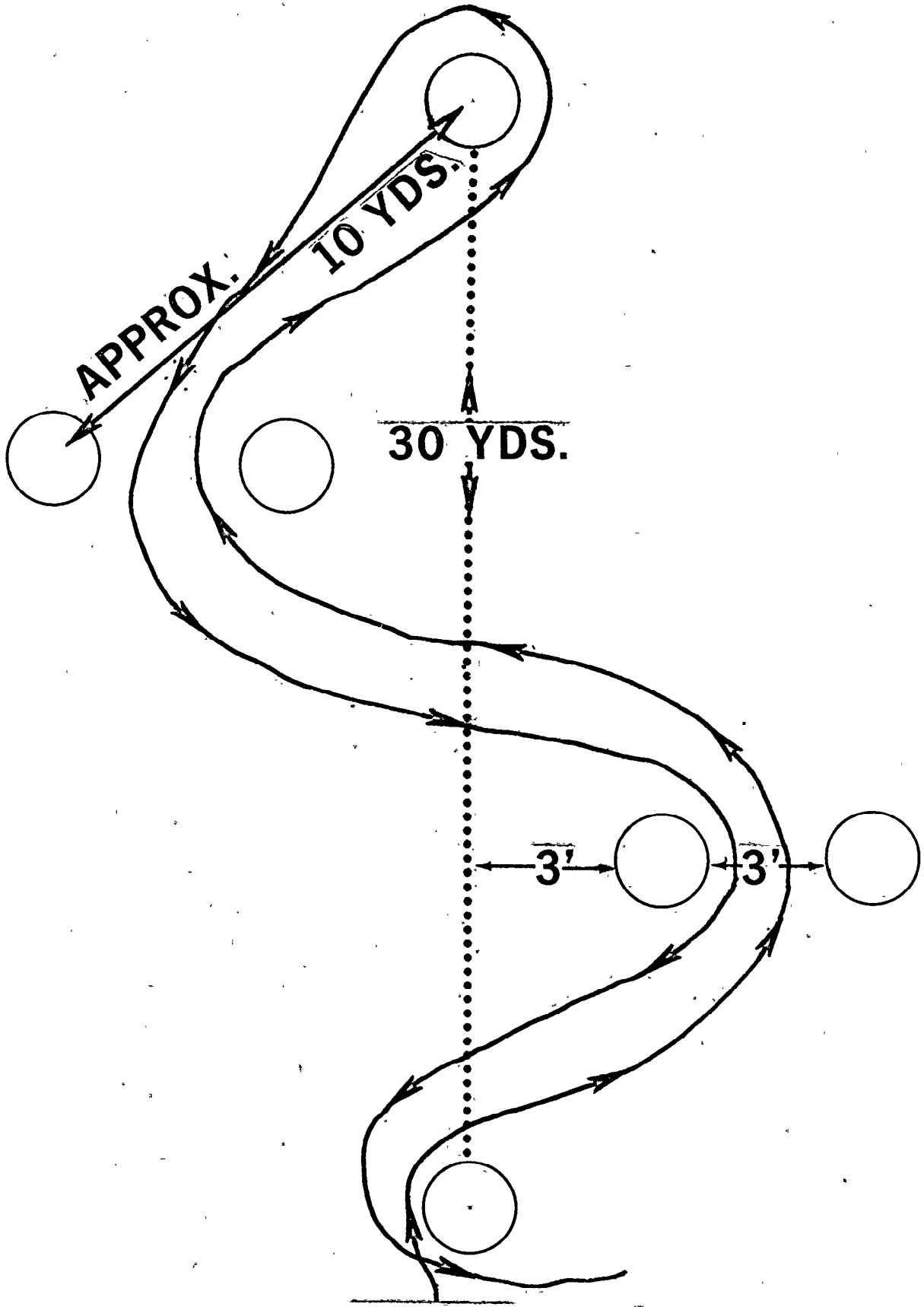
Time	Points
18:31 - 19:00	5
18:01 - 18:30	6
17:31 - 18:00	7
17:01 - 17:30	8
16:31 - 17:00	9
16:30 & under	10

The distance is covered over rolling terrain. Running surface is black top asphalt road.

Total Possible Points: 30

Qualifying Score: 24

120 YARD SHUTTLE RUN



94-1-4588-114
ENCLOSURE

University of Cincinnati

Office of the President

Cincinnati, Ohio 45221
Phone 513 475-2201

Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

OUTSIDE SOURCE

May 15, 1980

Director William H. Webster
F.B.I.
Washington, D.C. 20530

Dear Director Webster:

Recently the University of Cincinnati initiated a series of seminars and conferences on timely topics of interest to persons working in criminal justice systems throughout the United States. In 1979, the focus of the seminar was Police Internal Affairs.

As a follow-up to the 1979 conference, we are planning another program for November, 1980, entitled "Privacy Law and Law Enforcement Records". The conference format will consist of several keynote addresses followed by panel discussions concerning significant issues related to federal law enforcement, state and local police agencies, federal courts, the press, and private employers.

I would like to invite you to speak at the conference which is scheduled to begin Wednesday, November 12 at 9:00 a.m. and conclude Friday, November 14, at 12:00 noon. You may attend any time during the two and one-half day conference, but our first preference would be for you to speak on Thursday, November 13 at 9:05 a.m. Let me know if we can provide any additional information about the event and your participation. Of course we will reimburse your expenses and provide an honorarium.

If your schedule permits your participation, please include among your remarks some comments on the impact of the Freedom of Information Act on F.B.I. investigations, the F.B.I.'s proposed seven-year moratorium on the release of investigative records, and the proposed exemption of foreign intelligence, foreign counter-intelligence, organized crime and terrorist activities records from the FOIA. One and one-half hour has been reserved for your topic--one hour for the presentation and one-half hour for audience participation.

EXP. PROC.
31 MAY 22 1980

68 JUL 08 1980

Ack 6/12/80

1-4588-115
6/1/80

Copy made for Tele. Rm.
+ Speech Room
5/23/80

ENCLOSURE

NOTED
SPEECH FOR
6/6/80

15 MAY 22 1980

PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFF.

Please contact [redacted], or [redacted], an attorney in Cincinnati and former Assistant United States Attorney in Washington, D.C. [redacted], to discuss any questions you may have about this invitation. A preliminary schedule of topics and speakers for the conference is enclosed for your information.

b6
b7C

Your consideration of this invitation would be deeply appreciated. Thank you for your attention and I hope to see you in November.

Sincerely,

Henry R. Winkler

Henry R. Winkler
President

HRW/dkb

enc.

PRIVACY LAW AND LAW ENFORCEMENT RECORDS

Tentative Listing of Topics and Speakers

Topic	Speaker
Overview of Privacy Law	Professor George Trubow, John Marshall Law School
Open Records and LEAA Legislation	Superintendent Jack E. McCormick, Office of Attorney General, State of Ohio
F.B.I. Charter	Senator Edward Kennedy, State of Massachusetts
Freedom of Information Act	F.B.I. Director William Webster
Police Intelligence and Internal Affairs Files	Superintendent Richard Brzeczek, Chicago Police Department
Access to Police Records/ Law Enforcement Access to Press Records, Public Trials Closure	Correspondent Fred Graham, CBS News Washington
Message-Switching	Senator Howard Metzenbaum, State of Ohio
U.S. Privacy Protection Commission	Professor David Linowes, University of Illinois, former chairman U.S. Privacy Commission

Note:

An attractive brochure is planned that will be mailed to criminal justice professionals throughout the country. Also paid ads in strategic magazines and the distribution of Public Service Announcements are planned which we believe will result in a substantial enrollment and ample press coverage. During the conference, a press conference room will be available for your use.

A O D

[illegible] 12, 1980

OUTSIDE SOURCE

President Henry P. Winkler
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Dear President Winkler

I appreciate your letter of May 15 inviting me to address a conference on November 13, 1980, at the University of Cincinnati. Although this is something I would like to do, my schedule of commitments will not permit me to accept.

It is a pleasure to designate Section Chief William C. Ervin to attend the conference entitled "Privacy Law and Law Enforcement Records." Please call him at [redacted] concerning additional arrangements.

Sincerely yours,

William H. Webster

William H. Webster
Director

b6
b7C

MAILED 16
JUN 12 1980
FBI

1 - Cincinnati - Enclosure
1 - Miss [redacted] - Enclosure
1 - Mr. [redacted] - Enclosure
1 - Telephone Room - Enclosure
2 - Records Management Division - Enclosures (2)
Personal Attn: Mr. Ervin
1 - Mr. Schiappa - Enclosure
1 - Mr. [redacted] - Enclosure
1 - Speech Desk - Enclosure

DE-89
V-38
94-1-4588-116

6 JUN 16 1980

NOTE: Invitation declined and offer of a substitute per Director. Acceptance for Mr. Ervin per Mr. Bailey. Acceptance of Mr. Ervin as substitute made with committee member [redacted]. Bufiles reflect nothing to preclude this response.

JR:jdc (11)

Exec AD Inv.
Exec AD Adm.
Exec AD LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan. & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y

MAIL ROOM ☐

4 JUL 15 1980

APPROVED:
Director WHW
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-LES

Adm. Serv.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory

Legal Coun.
Plan. & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Public Affs. Off.

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Intell. ___
Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Plan. & Insp. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Public Affs. Off. ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

TO : Mr. Bayse ~~(62-110866)~~ wat/c

DATE: 9/22/80

FROM : Lawrence G. Lawler

SUBJECT: PRIVACY LAW AND LAW ENFORCEMENT RECORDS NATIONAL CONFERENCE
SPONSORED BY UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI
CINCINNATI, OHIO
11/12-14/80

Lawler

PURPOSE: To obtain approval for Section Chief Lawrence G. Lawler to attend captioned conference on 11/12/80.

b6
b7C

DETAILS: By letter dated 9/3/80 from [redacted], Criminal Justice Program; and [redacted], Non-Degree Extension Programs, University of Cincinnati (attached), Section Chief Lawler has been requested to participate in a panel discussion on Federal Law Enforcement on 11/12/80. This is part of an intensive 2 1/2 day examination of critical privacy issues including: laws, policies and procedures related to law enforcement collection, storage and dissemination of information. It is designed for police executives, record division heads and other law enforcement and public safety administrators.

and to the Bureau.

It is believed that my involvement in record storage and dissemination could be of great benefit to this panel. In addition, the conference can bring me up to date on various other topics.

Approximate cost including per diem and travel for attending will be $330.

RECOMMENDATION: That approval be granted for Section Chief Lawler to attend Privacy Law and Law Enforcement Records National Conference on 11/12/80 in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Enclosure - detach + handle separately
1 - Mr. Bayse (Enclosure)
1 - Mr. Lawler
NJK:njk
(3)

APPROVED:
Director ___
Exec. AD-Adm. ___
Exec. AD-Inv. ___
Exec. AD-LES ___
Adm. Serv. MJB
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Intell. ___
Laboratory ___
Legal Coun. ___
Plan. & Insp. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. WAB
Training ___
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. ___

V-78 DE-81

94-1-4588-M7

23 OCT 7 1980

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-110866

OCT 15 1980

XEROX

NCIC

FBI/DOJ

University of Cincinnati

Division of Continuing Education

Cincinnati, Ohio 45221
Phone (513) 475-6836

September 3, 1980

OUTSIDE SOURCE

Mr. Lawrence G. Lawler, Chief
F.B.I. National Crime Information Section
c/o Director William H. Webster
J. Edgar Hoover Building
9th & PA Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Lawler:

Plans for our November national conference entitled "Privacy Law and Law Enforcement Records" are shaping up nicely. The brochures (see attached) have been mailed to 12,000 law enforcement professionals around the world and we are confident that a substantial enrollment will be generated.

Again, we would like to thank you for agreeing to participate in the program. Enclosed you will find your contract which includes specific details about your presentation. Please complete all missing information, sign and return in the enclosed envelope as soon as possible. Also, if you have not already sent your resume, please do so as this will be helpful to the person making the introductions.

As previously mentioned, we are planning to publish a text of the conference proceedings and hope that you will be able to forward your remarks to us in advance. Also, any special audio/visual equipment or duplicating that you might need should be requested no later than October 15, 1980.

DE-47 V-40 94-1-4588-

If you will be traveling to Cincinnati by plane, the enclosed bus shuttle schedule may be helpful to you as the bus travels directly to the Carrousel Inn from the airport. If your schedule requires you to stay overnight or you are planning to attend the entire conference, please inform us so that we can arrange for appropriate accommodations.

23 OCT 7 1980

Finally, we have enclosed an extra copy of the brochure for your use in tapping all resources you have available to you for publicizing the conference. Any assistance you can lend would be appreciated.

60 OCT 28 1980

Enclosures attached in NCIC Section 9/22/80

We look forward to seeing you in November. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call, (513) 475-6836.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

Criminal Justice

[redacted]

Non-Degree Extension Programs

b6
b7C

Ohio

P.S. [redacted], the moderator of your panel, will be in touch with you in the near future to discuss your presentation in more detail.

University of Cincinnati

Division of Metropolitan Serv

2900 Reading Road (#175)
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Phone (513) 475-4115

Exec AD Adm.
Exec AD Inv.
Exec AD LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Plan. & Insp.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y
FBI/DOJ

OUTSIDE SOURCE

September 24, 1982

Mr. William H. Webster
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
10th and Pennsylvania
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Judge Webster:

I am writing on behalf of the University of Cincinnati/City ~~of Cincinnati~~ Ohio Police Consortium Advisory Board. The consortium, founded in the riot era of the early 60's, is currently completing its 10th year of service, creating stronger linkages between the university and the police through the identification and implementation of mutually beneficial special projects.

To celebrate the work of the consortium and to highlight its potential in the coming decade, the Advisory Board is currently planning a commemorative dinner for the first week in December. On behalf of the board, I am extending to you an invitation to serve as guest speaker for the evening. The board's invitation is extended not only because of your position and your obvious ability to bridge institutions, but also because of your reputation as a good innovator and speaker.

At present, we estimate that approximately 50 people will be attending the dinner; present and past consortium members from both the university and the police; elected and appointed officials from the City of Cincinnati, its Department of Public Safety, and its Police Division; administrators from the University of Cincinnati; and various community and media representatives. Alternative dates under consideration are December 1, 2, 6, 7, or 8 with a primary consideration in final selection being your availability. We would like a 20 to 30 minute presentation with a secondary, if not primary focus on linkages between law enforcement and higher education.

Assuming your availability and interest, we need to know the cost which would be associated with such a presentation and any logistical considerations which would be our responsibility. If you are interested in additional public and/or classroom contact prior to the evening dinner or the following day, we will be happy to assist with the arrangements.

EXP. PROC.
SEP 30 1982
10-15-82
#38

OCT 18 1982

Copy made for Tele. Rm.
+ Speech Unit
9/30/82

Ack IAB: dmm
10/12/82

Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.

In that various committees have already begun the planning process for the commemorative dinner, your earliest possible response to this invitation would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

University Coordinator for the Consortium

b6
b7C

HD/gmr

cc: Dr. [redacted]
Sgt.
Dr.

October 14, 1982

OUTSIDE SOURCE

Dr. [redacted]
[redacted]
University of Cincinnati
2900 Reading Road (175)
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

b6
b7C

Dear Dr. [redacted]:

I have received your letter inviting me to address the University of Cincinnati/City of Cincinnati Police Consortium Advisory Board. I appreciate your kind remarks and the opportunity to address those interested in drawing the educational and law enforcement communities together. Unfortunately, due to several scheduling conflicts I'm not in a position to accept.

Thank you very much for your invitation. You and the members of the Board have my best wishes in your efforts to serve your community.

Sincerely yours,

William H. Webster
Director

- Cincinnati - Enclosure
- Miss [redacted] - Enclosure
- Telephone Room - Enclosure
- Mr. Baker - Enclosure
- Speech Desk - Enclosure

NOTE: Invitation declined per D.O. Bufiles reflect nothing to preclude this response.
IAB:dmm (8)

MAILED 8
OCT 14 1982
FBI

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___
MAIL ROOM ☐

94-1-4588-12

V-29 DE-115

66 NOV 8 1982

OCT 18 1982

APPROVED:
Director
Exec. AD-Adm.
Exec. AD-Inv.
Exec. AD-LES
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Legal Coun.
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training

University of Cincinnati Police

201 W. University Ave.
Cincinnati, OH 45221-0215
(513) 475-4901

LOCAL & STATE

June 10, 1985

Mr. Oliver V. Revell
Assistant Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Room 5012
JE Hoover Building
Washington, D.C. 20535

Cincinnati University

Dear Buck:

As promised in Paris, I am forwarding you a copy of the chart and information I developed on Arab front groups and their relationship to University students.

As I mentioned, the information contained herein was developed entirely from interviews with a diverse sampling of Arab student group leaders here at the University and those visiting here from other campuses for various Arab student conferences.

I hope it is helpful in your investigation of these matters.

Sincerely,

Col. Edward R. Bridgeman, Chief
University Police Division

ERB/sm

Enc.

94-1-4588-121

10 JUL 9 1985

ENCLOSURE

SIX

53 NOV 13 1985

257

Letter; CFR dig; 6/29/85

ARAB BLOC

CONTROLLED & RELATED

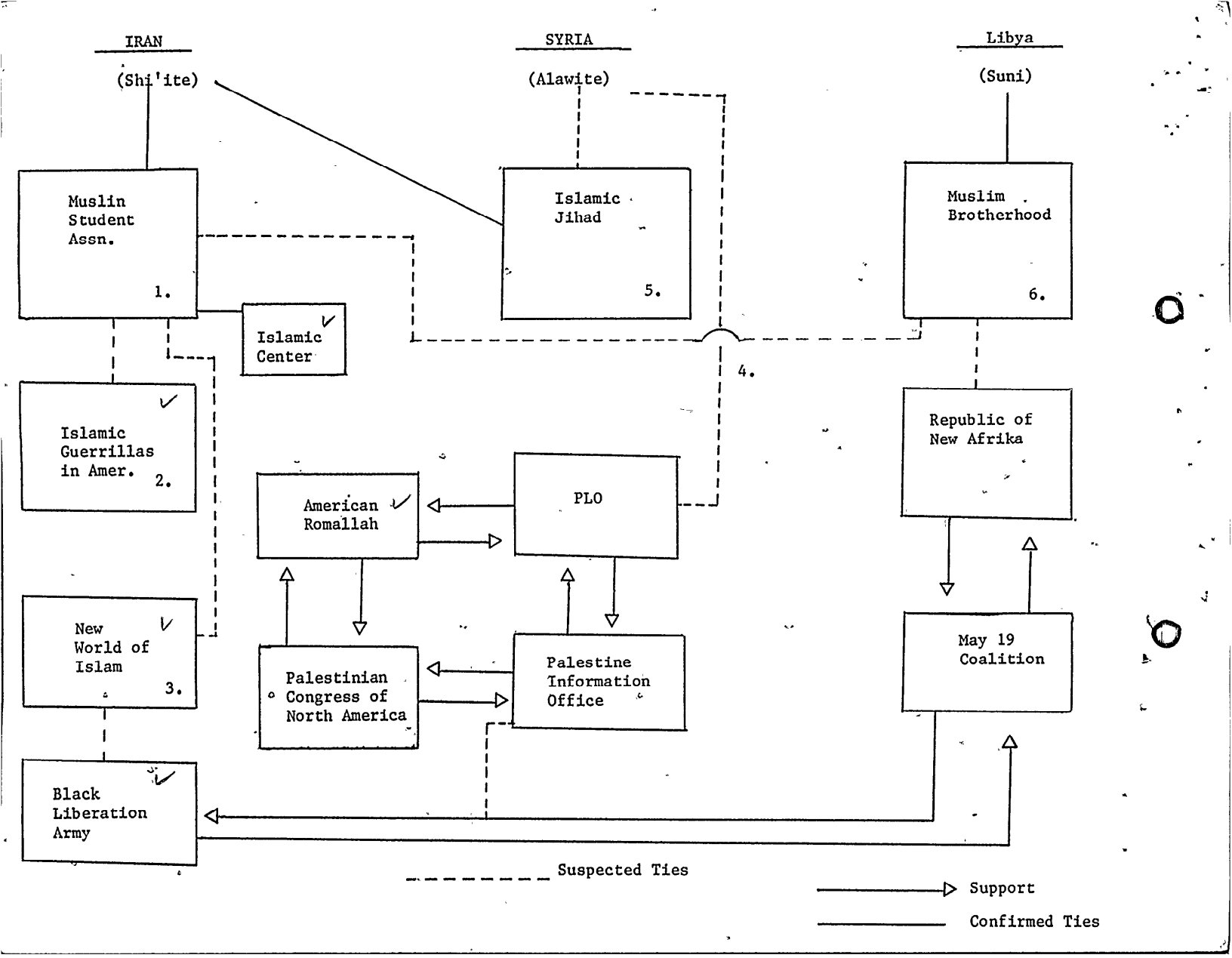
GROUPS IN THE UNITED STATES

The information contained herein is based upon data recieved from relatively reliable informants within the Arab Student Community, publicly available documents & publications of the Organizations and groups mentioned. This report should not be considered Hard Intelligance.

The numbers in the blocks on the flow chart refer to "Notes" found immediately following.

94-1-4588 721

ENCLOSURE


IRAN
(Shi'ite)
SYRIA
(Alawite)
Libya
(Suni)
Muslin Student Assn.
1.
Islamic Jihad
5.
Muslim Brotherhood
6.
Islamic Center
4.
Islamic Guerrillas in Amer.
2.
Republic of New Afrika
American Romallah
PLO
New World of Islam
3.
May 19 Coalition
Palestinian Congress of North America
Palestine Information Office
Black Liberation Army
Suspected Ties
Support
Confirmed Ties

NOTES

1. Controlled by Iranians with related groups on most U.S. College Campuses. Espouses strict fundementalist Islamic beliefs. At conference in Houston (year unk. poss. '80 or '81) platform built on 1.) destabilization of Saudi government & 2.) bringing more terror to U.S. Sponser of Islamic Center in Washington, D.C. Believed to be behind financing KKK activities as anti-Jewish/Israeli move.

2. See attached "A"

3. Mostly X-BLA Muslim converts.

4. Syrian destabilizing influence carried into U.S. affiliate organizations of P.L.O.

5. Moving from Mid-East (bombing of Embassy and Marine position in Beirut) to European operations (Paris).

6. Strongly suspected in assasination of Anwar Sadat. Responsible for take over of Grand Mosque in Mecca. Opposed to and active in any "moderate" Arab Bloc State.

7. See attached "B" for additional

Addresses

1. Arab Information Center
   747 3rd Ave, NY, NY 10017
   1875 Connecticut Ave. N.W. Suite 1110, Wash. D.C. 20009

2. Islamic Guerrillas in America
   2551 Massahusett Ave. N.W. Wash., D.C. 20008

3. Palestine Information Office
   2233 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. Suite 300, Wash., D.C. 20007

4. Republic of New Afrika (AKA Provisional Government of the Republic of New Afrika) P.O. Box 04252 Detroit, Mich. 48204

THOUGHTS AND STRATEGIES OF ISLAMIC GUERRILLA WARFARE

IN

THE UNITED STATES

The divine parameters of Al-Islam as a universe of spiritual & intellectual thought and continual religious discipline include community & individual opinions, attitudes and positions on political issues as they might directly relate to the interests of the Islamic Jummat, nationally and internationally. Thus, when political issues develop which affect the Islamic community in part or in whole, the entire Islamic community must have involvement towards the resolution of the issue.

Muslims in America should not consider themselves an isolated community from the rest of the Islamic world; we have a special responsibility to lah and to our consciences to come to the defense of Al-Islam in no uncertain terms, methods and resources to represent the determined stance of Al-Islam when America is involved in a political situation or an on-going cold war that concerns or threatens the safe interests of the Islamic community.

As well, the rest of the Islamic community, leaders and 'Arab-Islamic' countries around the world must also have the knowledge that there are active Muslims in the United States who are willing and able to come to the defense of Al-Islam when any part of the community is threaten; as well, they must be supportive of our efforts in real terms. Further, a so-called Muslim who does not understand that our community is a very important segment of the whole Islamic society is himself or herself a threat and dangerous element of the community.

Thus, because Al-Islam is a total way of life, we must be prepared and willing to defend our lively interests and future with rhetoric, demonstrations, coordinated policies, and physical warfare if necessary. Permission is given from the Almighty Allah to engage in warfare in the defense of Islam and there occasionally comes a time throughout history by Allah when warfare by Muslims in defense of the community as a whole is the most intelligent method, both spiritually and politically.

The United States has threaten the Islamic community with the use of their military 'option' in what it considers in the interests of the American people and country. Such threats have been recently targetd at the Islamic Republic of Iran where our fellow Muslim brothers and sisters are active in the Islamic Movement behind the cry "Allah-u-Akbar", God is Great. And indeed God is Great.

Muslims in America can not any longer tolerate such arrogence by the U.S. and must now prepare to stand behind of Islam in warfare in the United States. At the point when the United States initiates military action against our community, measures must counter until the whole of our community is safe. One must also remember that the U.S. is indirectly endangering our community by their military & financial support of the so-called state of Israel.

However, Islamic guerrilla warfare in the United States must not be unplanned. Strategies must be thorough, e.g., targets must be chosen intelligently and realistically, weapons should be chosen in corrolation wi

gets/persons in mind, timing, nocturnal encounter considerations, sonal safety, retreat methods, etc. But most importantly, it is not essary for a Muslim to sacrifice himself or herself in such efforts.

Muslims should not limit themselves to conventional guerrilla weapons, ., shotguns, handguns, gasoline bombs, but other weapons which can be lized with a relatively no noise factor, e.g., daggers, razors, short-id steel clubs, etc. With a relatively no-noise factor involved in attack, the Servant or Servants of Allah can vacate the location/scene the encounter unnoticed or inconspicuous.

Because U.S. foreign policies are made by individuals some targets exist as high-ranking persons; although, any American citizen can be geted. However, all successful encounters must be later anonomously ounced and publicized with statements left at the encounter, messeges to --ess (domestic & foreign), etc. (Any American can be targeted since rican is innocent as long as U.S. foreign policies are to the deter-t of the Islamic community.) By Allah's mercy, Muslims will place fear the hearts and minds of the kafir.

Since zionists are influencial in U.S. policies, the targeting of nist females in America can be effective towards our cause if these tinued guerrilla strategies are made known to the U.S. public and ernment.

Our holy Quran gives us comfort with the revelation that the kafir hypocrites, criminals of the earth and that believers and non-believers not of the same calibre in the sight of God Almighty. The Quran reveals at Victory is with the Islamic community, however, Muslims must not think at simply because our final victory is indeed within the future we can t back comfortably and relax. If Muslims in the United States are not epared and actually willing to come to the defense of Al-Islam, the WRATH ALLAH will surely come to our community by the efforts of the kafirs.

May Allah bless our community, our members and may Allah give some of our aders more strength to be more publically outspoken and supportive of e Islamic World Movement, or may they be replaced.

As-Salaam-Alaikum brothers and sisters.

I.G.A.

(Islamic Guerrillas in America)

2551 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20008, U. S. A.

Community Instructions: Duplicate, disseminate, circulate this article.)

University of Cincinnati

University Personnel

Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

94-1-4588

FUGITIVE INDEX

February 16, 1984

U.S. Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C. 20535

Attention: William H. Webster, Director

Re: [redacted] (see attached)

b6
b7C

This is to inform your office that the University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Ohio, has checked all files concerning the above named person, [redacted]. No information was found under any of the listed names or Social Security numbers provided.

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

University Personnel Records

94-1-4588

MSW:jm
Attachment

NOT RECORDED
45 MAR 12 1984

~~FEB 24 1984~~

64 MAR 16 1984

ENCLOSURE

AUG. SUP.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 88-26042

ALL CHECKED

U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

November 21, 1983

Re: [redacted]

also known as

[redacted]

and others

b6
b7C

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The FBI is conducting an investigation to locate [redacted], who is wanted for unlawful interstate flight to avoid prosecution for the crime of murder.

Investigation has determined that [redacted] has worked in the past as [redacted] and used temporary service agencies for placement. She is described as follows:

Sex:	Female	Weight:	
Race:		Build:	
Dates of Birth Used:		Hair:	
Places of Birth Given:		Complexion:	
Social Security Account Numbers Used:		Characteristics:	
		Remarks:	

It is requested that your records be examined to determine if [redacted], under her true or listed aliases is employed, has been employed, or is seeking employment with your firm. It is further requested that you make this circular letter concerning this individual available to appropriate personnel for them to review.

If you have any information concerning this fugitive, immediately contact the nearest office of the FBI, the telephone number of which may be found on the first page of most local telephone directories. If you have no information concerning [redacted] no reply is necessary. Your attention is directed to the fact that [redacted] is considered armed and dangerous. No action should be taken that would endanger anyone's safety. Your cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

William H. Webster

94-1-4588-

William H. Webster
Director

[redacted] ENCLOSURE

FBI/DOJ

LOCAL & STATE

July 2, 1985

Colonel Edward R. Bridgeman
Chief, University Police Division
University of Cincinnati Police
201 West University Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221

Dear Ed:

I received your letter with the enclosed materials which I forwarded to the Terrorism Section for their perusal. I would like to extend my sincere appreciation for your efforts.

Sincerely,

/S/

Oliver B. Revell
Assistant Director
Criminal Investigative Division

MAILED 4 2 1985 FBI

V-90

DE-220 94-1-4588-122

1 - Mr. Revell
1 - Mr. Gilbert
1 - Mr. Clarke
1 - Mr. Klein
1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr. Hart
1 - Ms. Ryan

CFR/bdh (11)

10 9 1985

b6
b7C

Mr. Klein
See me re attached
6-

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

MAIL ROOM

53 NOV 13 1985
257

FBI/DOJ

University of Cincinnati Police

201 W. University Ave.
Cincinnati, OH 45221-0215
(513) 475-4901

OUTSIDE SOURCE

26 Nov 86

Cincinnati Police - University

Oliver B. Revell
Executive Assistant Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
J. E. Hoover Building
Washington, DC 20535

Dear Buck,

As you may know, I was a casualty of the limiting of the Advisory Committee on International Policies. They probably couldn't figure any way to justify a University Police Chief from Ohio(of all places) on an "International" commitee.

Since I am very interested in continuing involvment at a national level, I am reinterating my request to be considered for some part of your newly-formed Terrorism Commitee.

I have included a document from the Director of our State Peace Officer Training Council in support of my request.

Sincerely,

Col Edw R Bridgeman, Chief

94-1-4588-123

ENCLOSURE

16 FEB 2 1987

117 AUG 21 1987

117 AUG

State of Ohio
Office of the Attorney General

Anthony J. Celebrezze, Jr.
Attorney General

Peace Officer Training Council

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Colonel Edward Bridgeman, Chief of Police at the University of Cincinnati, has been an invaluable resource to me and my former employer for years. As past Chairman and faculty member of the Criminal Justice Department, I witnessed Colonel Bridgeman's early interest and development of expertise in the area of terrorism and our society's response to it.

From a curiosity to the teaching of both popular seminars and outstanding quarter-length courses, Colonel Bridgeman continued to build his competence in terrorism subject matter. His courses became some of the most popular and highly rated the Criminal Justice Department has ever offered. His seminars were attended by police officers and administrators throughout the Midwest.

Since I became the Executive Director of the Ohio Peace Officer Training Council in September 1986, I have found that Chief Bridgeman has been the architect and instructor of the Ohio Peace Officer Training Academy's courses in Terrorism, again popular additions to our curriculum.

My questions concerning terrorism issues and trends have always been directed to Ed Bridgeman because I know he has answers and insights. He should be the same invaluable resource to other agencies and programs that he has been to me over the years. I indeed hope his vast knowledge on this subject can be shared more widely.

We intend to keep using Colonel Bridgeman as our major resource on terrorism. As a scholar, he will, no doubt, continue to expand his knowledge on the subject.

Sincerely,

Keith N. Haley

Keith N. Halely
Executive Director

KNH:bw

94-1-4588-1

ENCLOSURE

P.O. Box 309 / London, Ohio 43140
Phone: (614) 462-7682 / 466-7771 / 852-4848

OUTSIDE SOURCE

December 11, 1986

Cincinnati University

Colonel Edward R. Bridgeman
Chief
University of Cincinnati Police
201 West University Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221-0215

Dear Ed:

Thank you for your kind letter of November 26, 1986, expressing interest in service to the newly formed IACP's Committee on Terrorism. I have always been impressed with your law enforcement educational and professional experience, but unfortunately, as you know, your department does not meet the criteria for membership on the full Committee on Terrorism.

Enclosed you will find a copy of the proposed membership list for the newly formed Committee on Terrorism. This was submitted to Colonel Robert W. Landon, President of the IACP, on November 12, 1986. The interest exhibited by police officials, such as yourself, in this Committee has been extremely high. As you will note from the enclosed list, the Committee will have representation at senior levels from Federal, state, local, and international agencies, most with significant experience in counterterrorism and crisis management.

Ed, I appreciate your interest in helping out with this new Committee. I intend to recommend to the full Committee on Terrorism that you be considered as a candidate for membership on the Subcommittee on Terrorism Training. If you have any questions concerning the IACP's Committee on Terrorism's work or goals, please write or call me.

Sincerely,

DE-122 94-1-4588-124

Oliver B. Revell
Executive Assistant Director
Investigations

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Revell

SMM:dlt (3)

MAILED 4
DEC 12 1986
FBI

Exec AD Adm. ___
Exec AD Inv. ___
Exec AD LES ___
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. ___
Crim. Inv. ___
Ident. ___
Insp. ___
Intell. ___
Lab. ___
Legal Coun. ___
Off. Cong. & Public Affs. ___
Rec. Mgnt. ___
Tech. Servs. ___
Training ___
Telephone Rm. ___
Director's Sec'y ___

MAIL ROOM

1 FEB 9 1987

AUG 21 1987

FBI/DOJ

University of Cincinnati

College of Education

Department of Criminal Justice

French Hall (ML 108)
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221-0108

SSP
CLASS
SRC'D
SER
REC

October 21, 1988

Joseph Davis
Assistant Director Legal Counsel Division
FBI Headquarters
10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20535

b6
b7C

Cincinnati University

Dear Mr. Davis,

[redacted] and I are responding to a request for proposal issued by the Ohio State Highway Patrol to conduct an Administrators Staff and Command course during the first half of 1989. The course will provide 40 local police administrators from Ohio and 5 Highway Patrol administrators with an introduction to Police Management, Administration of Criminal and Traffic Services, Personnel Administration, Planning, and Management Technologies. Professor [redacted] and I, faculty of the Department of Criminal Justice at the University of Cincinnati, in concert with the Division for Continuing Studies are proposing a course of study that will satisfy the Ohio State Highway Patrol curricular requirements and award participants course credit at the University of Cincinnati.

In an effort to staff the curriculum we are assembling a group of instructors with specific competencies to present material in their areas of expertise. During the course of our search for individuals who could instruct in administrative law we were referred to one of your staff, [redacted]. It was our understanding that Mr. [redacted] could instruct in the areas of civil liability of managers and municipalities as well as rights of employees. We contacted Mr. [redacted] concerning our needs; he indicated that he does indeed teach in these areas at the FBI Academy and that he would be willing to help us in our effort if our program satisfied the Bureau's requirements for such help.

94-1-4588-125

Professor [redacted] and I are hopeful that you will help us provide police executives across Ohio with timely and useful information regarding employee rights and civil liability by making it possible for Mr [redacted] to participate in the program we are proposing. Presently, our schedule would require the services of Mr. [redacted] on the afternoon of March 16 and the morning of March 17 at the Ohio State Highway Patrol Training Academy in Columbus, Ohio.

DEC 7 1988

9-[redacted]

ack 11-15-88
JH: clp

An affirmative action/equal opportunity institution

If you have additional questions that we can answer please contact either myself or Professor [redacted] at the Department of Criminal Justice (513) 556-5827.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

b6
b7C

cc: [redacted]

University of Cincinnati

College of Education

Department of Criminal Justice

French Hall (ML 108)
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221-0108

b6
b7C

PRESORTED FIRST CLASS

CINCINNATI OCT 21 '88 OHIO

U.S. POSTAGE 0.2

F.R. METER 6048368

7427

Joseph Davis
Assistant Director Legal Counsel Division
FBI Headquarters
10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20535

0545

SSP

CLASS
SRC'D
SER
REC

November 15, 1988

b6
b7C

Dr. [redacted]
[redacted]
University of Cincinnati
College of Education, Department of
Criminal Justice
French Hall (ML 108)
Cincinnati, Ohio 45221-0108

Dear Dr. [redacted]:

Thank you for your letter of October 21, 1988, requesting the participation of Special Agent (SA) [redacted] in your Administrators Staff and Command Course on March 16-17, 1989. I am pleased to authorize him to speak to your conference on the topics of employment rights in law enforcement and civil liability of police executives and municipalities.

I have requested SA [redacted] to coordinate final details of his travel and presentation directly with you. The Legal Counsel Division of the FBI is committed to supporting quality legal training programs for law enforcement.

Sincerely,

Joseph R. Davis
Assistant Director - Legal Counsel

94-1-4588-126

MAILED 21
NOV 18 1988
FBI

1 - SAC, Cincinnati (Enc.) (Note: Please note the appearance of SA [redacted] in your territory. Offer whatever assistance you can.)

2 - Training Division (Attn: [redacted]) (Enc.)
1 - Office of Congressional and Public Affairs (Enc.)
1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr. [redacted]
JH:clp (8)

10 DEC 7 1988

Exec AD Adm.
Exec AD Inv.
Exec AD LES
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs.
Crim. Inv.
Ident.
Insp.
Intell.
Lab.
Legal Coun.
Off. Cong. & Public Affs.
Rec. Mgnt.
Tech. Servs.
Training
Off. Liaison & Int. Affs.
Telephone Rm.
Director's Sec'y
MAIL ROOM